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Annual Financial Report

City of Corcoran

Corcoran, Minnesota

For the year ended December 31, 2022



City of Corcoran, Minnesota Annual Financial Report Table of Contents

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Page No.
Introductory Section Elected and Appointed Officials	9
Financial Section	
Independent Auditor's Report	13
Management's Discussion and Analysis	17
Basic Financial Statements Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	31
Statement of Activities	32
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	525-23
Balance Sheet	36
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	37 38
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	36
Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	39
General Fund	1000
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	40
Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position	41
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position	42
Statement of Cash Flows	43
Notes to the Financial Statements	45
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Employer's Share of Public Employees Retirement Association Net Pension Liability -	
General Employees Retirement Fund	72
Schedule of Employer's Public Employees Retirement Association Contributions -	
General Employees Retirement Fund	72
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - General Employees Retirement Fund	73
Schedule of Employer's Share of Public Employees Retirement Association Net Pension Liability -	75
Public Employees Police and Fire Fund Schedule of Employer's Public Employees Retirement Association Contributions -	75
Public Employees Police and Fire Fund	75
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Public Employees Police and Fire Fund	76
Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	78
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	80
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	81
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	7280
Combining Balance Sheet	82
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	84
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet	86
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	89
General Fund	V/ T-47)
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	90

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Annual Financial Report Table of Contents (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Page No.
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules (Continued)	11 31 31 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	94
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	95
Summary Financial Report	
Revenues and Expenditures for General Operations	96
Other Required Report	
Independent Auditor's Report	
on Minnesota Legal Compliance	98

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF CORCORAN CORCORAN, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Elected and Appointed Officials For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

ELECTED

Name	Term Expires	Title					
Tom McKee	12/31/22	Mayor					
Jonathan Bottema	12/31/24	Council Member					
Jeremy Nichols	12/31/22	Council Member					
Dean Vehrenkamp	11/01/22	Council Member					
Alan Schutlz	12/31/22	Council Member					
	APPOINTED						
Jessica Beise		Interim City Administrator					
Maggie Ung		Finance Director					
Jodie Peterson		Accountant					
Michelle Friedrich		Deputy Clerk					

FINANCIAL SECTION

CITY OF CORCORAN CORCORAN, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Corcoran, Minnesota

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Corcoran, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
 estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis Page 17 and the Schedule of Employer's Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of Employer's Contributions, and the related note disclosures, starting on page 72 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statement do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 15, 2024 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Abdo

Minneapolis, Minnesota January 15, 2024



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Corcoran, Minnesota (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

Financial Highlights page

- The assets and deferred outflows or resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of
 resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year as shown in the summary of net position on the following
 pages. The unrestricted amount of net position may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens
 and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased as shown in the summary of changes in net position table on the following pages. The main reason for the increase was an excess of revenues over expenses.
- For the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds fund balances are shown in the Financial Analysis of the
 City's Funds section of the MD&A. The total fund balance increased in comparison with the prior year. This
 increase was mainly due to an increase in park dedication fees over current year expenditures. The total of
 assigned and unassigned as shown in the governmental fund balance table is available for spending at the City's
 discretion.
- The total fund balance in the General fund, as shown in the financial analysis of the city's funds section, decreased from the prior year. The decrease can mainly be attributed to additional approved transfers out to other funds from the adopted budget.
- The City's total bonded debt increased during the current fiscal year. This was mainly due to the issuance of the 2022A bonds during the year offset by regularly scheduled principal payments as shown on the outstanding debt table.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure 1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that provide details about nonmajor governmental funds, which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

Figure 1

Required Components of the City's Annual Financial Report Required Management's Basic Supplementary Discussion and **Financial** Analysis Statements Information Government-Fund Notes to the wide Financial Financial Financial Statements Statements Statements Summary Detail

Figure 2 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure 2
Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Financia	al Statements
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire, and parks	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses, such as the water and sewer system
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term
Type of deferred outflows/inflows of resources information	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Only deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included.	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid.
Type of inflow/out flow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, and interest on long-term debt. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer utilities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Economic Development Authority for which the City is financially accountable. The Economic Development Authority, although legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the City, and therefore has been included as part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements start on page 31 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact by the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains numerous individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General fund, Debt Service fund, Pavement Management fund, and Park Capital fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation identified as other nonmajor governmental funds. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements or schedules* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements start on page 36 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains one type of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Water, Sewer and Storm funds.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary funds financial statements provide separate information for each of the enterprise funds which are considered to be major funds of the City.

The basic proprietary funds financial statements start on page 41 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 45 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information. This report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other postemployment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found starting on page 72 of this report.

Other Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented following the notes to the financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are presented immediately following the required supplementary information starting on page 80 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year as shown in the Summary of Net Position below.

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Corcoran's Summary of Net Position

	Go	vernmental Activit	ies	Bu				
	2022	2021	Increase (Decrease)	2022	2021	Increase (Decrease)	2022 Total	
Assets								
Current and other assets	\$ 17,673,800	\$ 13,208,070	\$ 4,465,730	\$ 7,270,198	\$ 5,945,081	\$ 1,325,117	\$ 24,943,998	
Capital assets	18,760,078	17,336,721	1,423,357	10,170,265	9,416,998	753,267	28,930,343	
Total Assets	36,433,878	30,544,791	5,889,087	17,440,463	15,362,079	2,078,384	53,874,341	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,938,941	1,511,433	1,427,508			<u> </u>	2,938,941	
Liabilities								
Noncurrent liabilities outstanding	14,488,234	9,672,687	4,815,547	3,561,091	3,859,690	(298,599)	18,049,325	
Other liabilities	4,616,875	3,104,533	1,512,342	1,412,421	418,678	993,743	6,029,296	
Total Liabilities	19,105,109	12,777,220	6,327,889	4,973,512	4,278,368	695,144	24,078,621	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	120,001	1,880,794	(1,760,793)			-	120,001	
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	10,778,090	9,498,468	1,279,622	7,122,284	5,827,365	1,294,919	17,900,374	
Restricted	7,402,575	4,047,834	3,354,741	2.000		***	7,402,575	
Unrestricted	1,967,044	3,851,908	(1,884,864)	5,344,667	5,256,346	88,321	7,311,711	
Total Net Position	\$ 20,147,709	\$ 17,398,210	\$ 2,749,499	\$ 12,466,951	\$ 11,083,711	\$ 1,383,240	\$ 32,614,660	
Net Position as a Percentage of Total								
Net investment in								
Capital assets	53.5%	54.6%		57.1%	52.6%			
Restricted	36.7%	23.3%		0.0%	0.0%			
Unrestricted	9.8%	22.1%		42.9%	47.4%			
	100%	100%		100.0%	100.0%	6		
			-					

An additional portion of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, for the City as a whole.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position. Key elements of the changes are as follows:

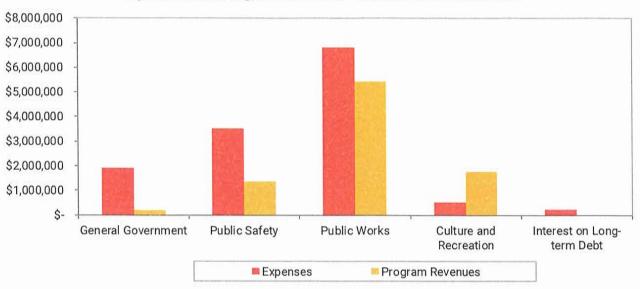
City of Corcoran's Changes in Net Position

	Go	mental Activit		Business-type Activities							
	11.274.277.2034.9		1000000000		Increase		several contraction of the several contraction o		35000000000000000000000000000000000000		ncrease
	2022		2021		Decrease)		2022		2021	([Decrease)
Revenues											
Program Revenues											
Charges for services	\$ 3,414,438	\$	2,542,815	\$	871,623	\$	943,910	\$	892,496	\$	51,414
Operating grants and contributions	959,135		2,531,554		(1,572,419)		7,262		57,160		(49,898)
Capital grants and contributions	4,345,421		2,506,374		1,839,047		1,914,866		1,589,160		325,706
General Revenues											
Property taxes	5,696,404		5,086,505		609,899		2		4		32
Other taxes	62,153		56,691		5,462		-				-
Grants and contributions not											
restricted to specific programs	40,354		10,679		29,675		14		-		-
Unrestricted investment earnings	98,669		1,237		97,432		46,524		2,738		43,786
Gain on sale of capital assets	716,523		104,940		611,583						
Total Revenues	15,333,097		12,840,795		2,492,302		2,912,562		2,541,554		371,008
Expenses											
General government	1,926,582		1,645,285		281,297				74		
Public safety	3,532,589		2,820,935		711,654		-		0.70		-
Public works	6,820,075		2,793,997		4,026,078		98		888		
Culture and recreation	524,594		339,603		184,991						13
Interest on long-term debt	226,930		137,428		89,502				- 12		9
Water	220,550		107,420		09,502		593,290		560,381		32,909
Sewer			52		720		488,860		398,345		90,515
Total Expenses	13,030,770		7,737,248		5,293,522		1,082,150	_	958,726	_	123,424
Change in Net Position											
Before Transfers	2,302,327		5,103,547		(2,801,220)		1,830,412		1,582,828		247,584
Transfers	447,172		269,164		178,008		(447,172)		(269,164)		(178,008)
Hallotelo	447,172	-	209,104	-	176,006	-	(447,172)	-	(209,104)		(178,008)
Change in Net Position	2,749,499		5,372,711		(2,623,212)		1,383,240		1,313,664		69,576
Net Position, January 1	17,398,210	_	12,025,499		5,372,711		11,083,711		9,770,047		1,313,664
Net Position, December 31	\$ 20,147,709	\$	17,398,210	\$	2,749,499	\$	12,466,951	\$	11,083,711	\$	1,383,240

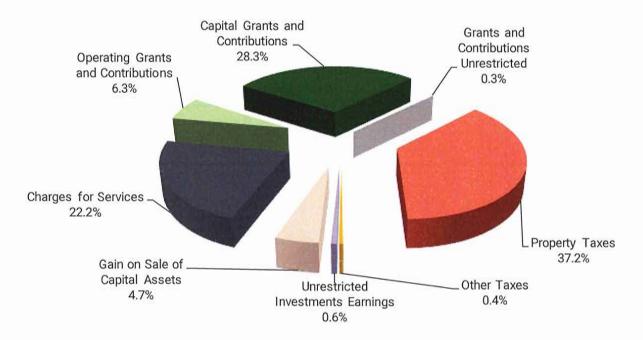
- Overall revenues increased \$2,483,614 from the prior year. The main reason for the increase was capital grants, property taxes, and gain on sale of capital assets.
- Expenses increased \$5,295,522 from the prior year. All categories in both governmental and business-type activities increased from the prior year as the City is experiencing growth related expenses.

The following graph depicts various governmental activities and shows the revenue and expenses directly related to those activities.

Expenses and Program Revenue - Governmental Activities



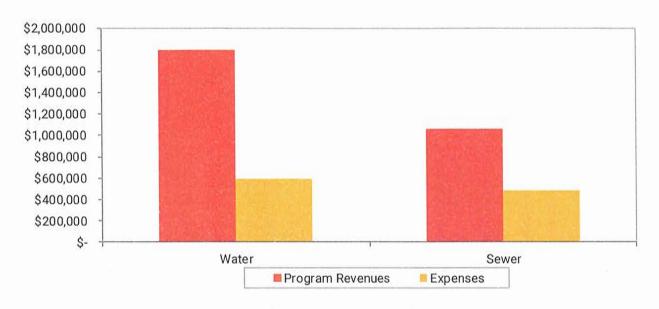
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



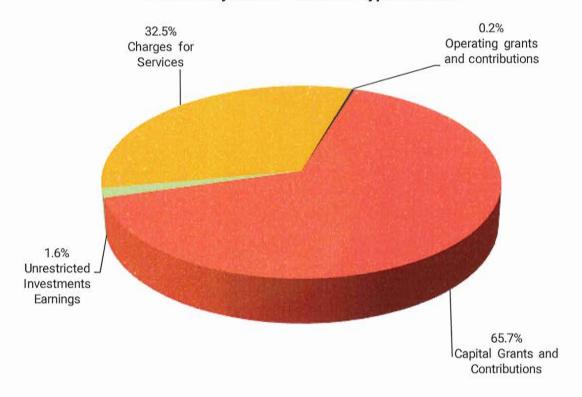
Business-type Activities. Business-type activities decreased the City's net position. Key elements of the changes are listed below:

- Overall revenues in the business-type activities increased mainly due to an increase in capital grants and contributions from connections fees during the year.
- Overall expenses increased mainly due to increases in professional services due to the increase in customers.

Expenses and Program Revenue - Business-type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

			Debt service	Pavement Management		Park Capital		Governmental Funds		Total		Prior Year Total		Increase / (Decrease)		
Fund Balances	٨	1010	À						٨			1010		04040		(00.004)
Nonspendable	\$	4,012	\$		\$	Ö	\$	1 	\$		\$	4,012	\$	24,813	\$	(20,801)
Restricted				47,296				3,186,226		2,483,151		5,716,673		3,710,555		2,006,118
Committed		(+)		18		*				70,916		70,916		75,079		(4,163)
Assigned						357,362		159,428		520,556		1,037,346		1,330,899		(293,553)
Unassigned	_	3,083,695	-	-	_		_		_	(2,467)	_	3,081,228	_	2,148,741		932,487
Totals	\$	3,087,707	\$	47,296	\$	357,362	\$	3,345,654	\$	3,072,156	\$	9,910,175	\$	7,290,087	\$	2,620,088

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, the fund balance of the General fund is shown in the table above. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. The total unassigned fund balance as a percent of total fund expenditures is shown in the chart below along with total fund balance as a percent of total expenditures.

	Currenτ Year Ending Balanc	e Er	Prior Year iding Balance	Increase / (Decrease)	
General Fund Balances Nonspendable Assigned Unassigned	\$ 4,01 3,083,69	_	24,813 404,402 3,162,050	\$	(20,801) (404,402) (78,355)
	\$ 3,087,70	7\$	3,591,265	\$	(503,558)
General Fund expenditures Unassigned as a percent of expenditures Total Fund Balance as a percent of expenditures	\$ 7,117,24 43.3 43.4	%	6,318,593 50.0% 56.8%		

The fund balance of the City's General fund decreased during the current fiscal year as shown in the table above. The decrease in fund balance can be attributed to increased unbudgeted transfers to other funds.

	F	und Balance	ember 31,	Increase			
Major Funds	=	2022		2021	(Decrease)		
General The General fund balance decrased as noted above during the year. unbudgeted transfers out to other funds during the year.	\$ The	(503,558) an to					
Debt Service The Debt Service fund has a total fund balance as note above, all of The fund balance decreased \$9,274 from the prior year mainly due t resources from propery taxes and assessments.			110-1011 P	(2015) 10 10 10 12 10 14 15 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15			
Pavement Management The Pavement Management fund balance decreased during the yea transfers and other developer revenues in excess of current year expenses.			\$ main	527,336 ly attributable	\$ e to an	(169,974) increase	
Park Capital The Park Capital fund balance increased uring the year mainly due t excess of current year expenditures.		3,345,654 rges for servi		1,646,294 such as park	\$ dedica	1,699,360 tion fees in	

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Net position of the City's proprietary funds increased or (decreased) as follows:

	Ne	Ending et Position 2022	N	Ending et Position 2021	Increase / (Decrease)		
Net Position							
Water	\$	5,801,684	\$	4,815,198	\$	986,486	
Sewer		6,599,987		6,268,513		331,474	
Storm		65,280		, T	_	65,280	
Total	_\$_	12,466,951	\$	11,083,711	\$	1,383,240	

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City's General fund was not amended during the year.

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues	\$ 7,118,636	\$ 7,299,090	\$ 180,454
Expenditures	7,183,367	7,117,249	66,118
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(64,731)	181,841	246,572
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	454,148	449,092	(5,056)
Transfers out	(389,417)	(1,198,349)	(808,932)
Sale of capital assets	<u> </u>	63,858	63,858
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	64,731	(685,399)	(750,130)
Net Change in Fund Balances	9.	(503,558)	(503,558)
Fund Balances, January 1	3,591,265	3,591,265	2
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 3,591,265	\$ 3,087,707	\$ (503,558)

The City's General fund budget was not amended during the year and was balanced with revenues and transfers in equal to expenses and transfers out. Actual revenues were over budget and actual expenditures were under budget during the year as shown above.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2022, is shown below in the capital assets table (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, Infrastructure and Construction in progress. The City's total investment in capital assets increased during the year as shown below.

Major capital events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- · Public Works Vehicles and Equipment
- Well #1 and 2
- City Hall Remodel and Completion
- City Center Drive and 79th Place Improvements
- 66th Avenue/Gleason Parkway Improvements
- Water Supply and Treatment Facility
- Siren System

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3B starting on page 55 of this report.

City of Corcoran's Capital Assets

(Net of Depreciation)

		G	overn	mental Activit	es		Business-type Activities						
		2022	_	2021	Increase (Decrease)		2022		2021		320	Increase Decrease)	
Land	\$	3,292,827	\$	3,321,427	\$	(28,600)	\$	492,784	\$	492,784	\$		
Construction in Progress		3,378,929		3,628,916		(249,987)		813,423		· .		813,423	
Buildings		3,474,149		3,643,962		(169,813)				-			
Equipment		2,373,482		1,789,218		584,264		46,161		50,007		(3,846)	
Infrastructure	_	6,240,691	_	4,953,198	_	1,287,493	_	8,817,897	-	8,874,207	_	(56,310)	
Total	\$	18,760,078	\$	17,336,721	\$	1,423,357	\$	10,170,265	\$	9,416,998	\$	753,267	

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding consisting of revenue bonds and improvement bonds as noted in the table below. While all of the City's bonds have revenue streams, they are all backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

City of Corcoran's Outstanding Debt

	Governmental Activities							Business-type Activities							
		2022	2021		Increase (Decrease)		2022			2021	Increase (Decrease)				
G.O. Bonds Revenue Bonds Unamortized Premium on Bonds Notes Payable	\$	8,835,000 - 231,068	\$	7,655,000 - 183,253 -	\$	1,180,000 - 47,815 -	\$	3,255,000 76,658 229,433	\$	3,505,000 84,633 270,057	\$	(250,000) (7,975) (40,624)			
Total	\$	9,066,068	\$	7,838,253	\$	1,227,815	\$	3,561,091	\$	3,859,690	\$	(298,599)			

The City's total debt increased during the current fiscal year primarily because of the bonds issued during the current year. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 3D starting on page 58 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City continues to work towards increasing its unrestricted fund balance and remove unfunded liabilities. Property values continue to increase, and new residential development is at a pace of over 300 new homes per year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Administrator, City of Corcoran, 8200 County Road 116, Corcoran, MN 55340.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF CORCORAN CORCORAN, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets Cash and temporary investments	\$ 14,311,835	\$ 6,988,383	\$ 21,300,218
Receivables			
Accounts	71,990	75,746	147,736
Interest	534	-	534
Taxes	80,040		80,040
Special assessments	596,631	187,615	784,246
Due from other governments	2,608,758	1,373	2,610,131
Prepaid items	4,012	17,081	21,093
Capital assets			
Land and construction in progress	6,671,756	1,306,207	7,977,963
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	12,088,322	8,864,058	20,952,380
Total Assets	36,433,878	17,440,463	53,874,341
Deferred Outflows of Resources	520 St.		
Deferred pension resources	2,938,941	-	2,938,941
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	1,338,819	341,830	1,680,649
Due to other governments	40,839	1,032,320	1,073,159
Deposits payable	2,358,064	泵()	2,358,064
Accrued salaries payable	145,761		145,761
Accrued interest payable	84,411	38,271	122,682
Unearned revenue	648,981	(E)	648,981
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year			
Long-term liabilities	810,195	292,232	1,102,427
Due in more than one year	2112232	3121231323	
Long-term liabilities	8,608,589	3,268,859	11,877,448
Net pension liability	4,719,076	551	4,719,076
Other postemployment benefits liability	350,374		350,374
Total Liabilities	19,105,109	4,973,512	24,078,621
Deferred Inflows of Resources	888834		512 (257)
Deferred pension resources	120,001		120,001
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	10,778,090	7,122,284	17,900,374
Restricted for	0.00 700		040 700
Debt service	262,788	(#)	262,788
Park dedication	3,186,226	(論)	3,186,226
Public safety	243,067	7	243,067
Capital outlay	3,710,494	-	3,710,494
Unrestricted	1,967,044	5,344,667	7,311,711
Total Net Position	\$ 20,147,709	\$ 12,466,951	\$ 32,614,660

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

			Program Revenues							
Functions/Programs		Expenses	С	harges for Services	Gr	perating rants and ntributions	Capital Grants and Contributions			
Governmental Activities	7.	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	()	4			-	1717 - 1717		
General government	\$	1,926,582	\$	155,348	\$	28,046	\$	1,250		
Public safety		3,532,589		1,113,333		228,684		1.000		
Public works		6,820,075		416,758		661,906		4,344,171		
Culture and recreation		524,594		1,728,999		40,499		see a man of		
Interest on long term debt		226,930				T 2000 T 2000 T		-		
Total Governmental Activities	-	13,030,770		3,414,438	-	959,135		4,345,421		
Business-type Activities										
Water		593,290		500,287		4		1,300,905		
Sewer		488,860		443,623		7,262		613,961		
Total Business-type Activities	-	1,082,150	-	943,910		7,262		1,914,866		
Total	\$	14,112,920	\$	4,358,348	\$	966,397	\$	6,260,287		

General Revenues

Taxes

Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service

Franchise taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted investment earnings Gain on sale of capital assets

Transfers

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position, January 1

Net Position, December 31

Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities			siness-type Activities	Total				
\$	(1,741,938)	\$	-	\$	(1,741,938)			
	(2,190,572)	12.5	_	100	(2,190,572)			
	(1,397,240)		-		(1,397,240)			
	1,244,904		H		1,244,904			
	(226,930)				(226,930)			
_	(4,311,776)	_	-	_	(4,311,776)			
	-		1,207,902		1,207,902			
	12		575,986		575,986			
	-		1,783,888		1,783,888			
	(4,311,776)		1,783,888	-	(2,527,888)			
	5,136,686				5,136,686			
	559,718		-		559,718			
	62,153 40,354		5		62,153 40,354			
	98,669		46,524		145,193			
	716,523		40,524		716,523			
	447,172		(447,172)	_				
	7,061,275		(400,648)		6,660,627			
	2,749,499		1,383,240		4,132,739			
	17,398,210	_	11,083,711	_	28,481,921			
\$	20,147,709	\$	12,466,951	\$	32,614,660			

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF CORCORAN CORCORAN, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

	2	100 General		300's Debt Service		408 Pavement Management		415 Park Capital	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets	-		1	65/656	1	2000 0000	625	8. 87.530mHz	1	Several design	323	
Cash and temporary investments	\$	6,139,423	\$	46,428	\$	794,255	\$	3,345,772	\$	3,985,957	\$	14,311,835
Receivables		N 180								0.11		the street and
Accounts		69,661		<u> </u>		2		-		2,329		71,990
Interest		534		-		~		+		6		534
Taxes		80,040				H				*		80,040
Special assessments		36,802		299,903		259,926		-		=		596,631
Due from other governments		2,607,890		868		÷		(4)		-		2,608,758
Prepaid items		4,012			_	<u> </u>	_	-	_	-	-	4,012
Total Assets	\$	8,938,362	\$	347,199	\$	1,054,181	\$	3,345,772	\$	3,988,286	\$	17,673,800
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	640,659	\$	2	\$	430,893	\$	118	\$	267,149	\$	1,338,819
Due to other governments		40,839		+:		and the second		-		H		40,839
Deposits payable		2,352,064		(*)		6,000				*		2,358,064
Accrued salaries payable		145,761				97		(+)		9		145,761
Unearned revenue				+		¥1,		÷		648,981		648,981
Total Liabilities		3,179,323	_			436,893	_	118	=	916,130		4,532,464
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Unavailable revenues - taxes		80,040				(-)		(*)				80,040
Unavailable revenues - special assessments		36,802		299,903		259,926				-		596,631
Unavailable revenues - intergovernmental		2,554,490										2,554,490
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	2,671,332	-	299,903		259,926	_	-	=		_	3,231,161
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable		4,012		3		-		were and a second		200 market 1990		4,012
Restricted		3000 200		47,296		-		3,186,226		2,483,151		5,716,673
Committed		7.				7.		20 0 -		70,916		70,916
Assigned		<u>ii</u> Tanan salah sa		-		357,362		159,428		520,556		1,037,346
Unassigned		3,083,695		-		(=)				(2,467)		3,081,228
Total Fund Balances		3,087,707		47,296		357,362		3,345,654		3,072,156		9,910,175
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of												
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	8,938,362	\$	347,199	\$	1,054,181	\$	3,345,772	\$	3,988,286	\$	17,673,800

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because

Total Fund Balances - Governmental	\$	9,910,175
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
Cost of capital assets		26,633,982
Less: accumulated depreciation		(7,873,904)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of		
Bonds payable		(8,835,000)
Unamortized premium on bonds		(231,068)
Compensated absences payable		(352,716)
Other postemployment benefits payable		(350,374)
Net pension liability		(4,719,076)
Some receivables are not available soon enough to pay for current period expenditures, and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.		
Taxes receivable		80,040
Special assessments receivable		596,631
Intergovernmental		2,554,490
Governmental funds do not report long-term amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits.		
Deferred outflows of pension resources		2,938,941
Deferred inflows of pension resources		(120,001)
Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest until due and payable.	_	(84,411)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	20,147,709

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		100 General	300's Debt Service		Debt Pavement		2000 D. J. S.		Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues	-		200				F-0		\$		1	
Taxes	\$	5,239,856	\$	559,718	\$	-	\$	-	\$	¥	\$	5,799,574
Licenses and permits		1,202,139		-		-		(5)		-		1,202,139
Intergovernmental		340,279		-		31,899		-		44,033		416,211
Charges for services		116,601		-		-		1,677,416		30,822		1,824,839
Fines and forfeitures		21,979						(<u>#</u>)		00000000000000000000000000000000000000		21,979
Special assessments		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		93,091		35,312		1.00				128,403
Interest on investments		45,356		1,582		5,992		22,297		23,442		98,669
Miscellaneous		332,880				4,289,150		100000000000000000000000000000000000000		93,796		4,715,826
Total Revenues		7,299,090		654,391		4,362,353		1,699,713		192,093		14,207,640
Expenditures												
Current												
General government		1,643,963		-		2		j.		34,033		1,677,996
Public safety		3,103,590		2		-		4		44,085		3,147,675
Public works		2,110,098		293				*				2,110,098
Culture and recreation		207,580								-		207,580
Capital outlay												207,000
General government		¥				-				104,423		104,423
Public safety		-				-				311,892		311,892
Public works		11,519		2		5,268,101		2		684,208		5,963,828
Culture and recreation		40,499		021		-		353		251,668		292,520
Debt service		10,122						000		201,000		2,020
Principal		Q1		620,000				5				620,000
Interest and other charges		2		151,715				8		65,220		216,935
Total Expenditures		7,117,249		771,715		5,268,101	=	353		1,495,529		14,652,947
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
Over (Under) Expenditures	-	181,841		(117,324)		(905,748)	_	1,699,360	_	(1,303,436)		(445,307)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Transfers in		449,092		63,080		65,217		¥		1,072,707		1,650,096
Sale of capital assets		63,858		3373.52		670,557		75		10,708		745,123
Bond issued				44,970		-		2		1,755,030		1,800,000
Premium on bonds issued				-		-				73,100		73,100
Transfers out		(1,198,349)		¥.		196		-		(4,575)		(1,202,924)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(685,399)		108,050		735,774		=		2,906,970		3,065,395
Net Change in Fund Balances		(503,558)		(9,274)		(169,974)		1,699,360		1,603,534		2,620,088
Fund Balances, January 1		3,591,265		56,570		527,336		1,646,294	_	1,468,622		7,290,087
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	3,087,707	\$	47,296	\$	357,362	\$	3,345,654	\$	3,072,156	\$	9,910,175

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 2,620,088
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays	2,356,055
Depreciation expense	(904,098)
A gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets, including the difference between carrying value and any related sales proceeds, is included in net position. However, only the sales proceeds are included in the change in the change in fund balance.	(28,600)
Governmental funds report a gain (loss) on sale of capital assets to the extent of cash exchanged, whereas the disposition of the assets book value is included in the total gain (loss) in the statement of activities.	11014
Disposals Depreciation on disposals	(9,164) 9,164
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts amortized in the statement of activities.	
Bonds issued Premium on bonds issued Amortization of bond premium Principal repayments	(1,800,000) (73,100) 25,285 620,000
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	(35,280)
Certain revenues are recognized as soon as they are earned. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, they cannot be recognized until they are available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.	
Property taxes Special assessments Intergovernmental	(41,017) (69,969) 479,566
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits	(42,766) 41,235
Long-term pension activity is not reported in governmental funds.	,
Pension expense Pension revenue	(438,254) 40,354
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 2,749,499

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with			
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget			
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 5,202,711	\$ 5,202,711	\$ 5,239,856	\$ 37,145			
Licenses and permits	1,312,000	1,312,000	1,202,139	(109,861)			
Intergovernmental	302,945	302,945	340,279	37,334			
Charges for services	67,800	67,800	116,601	48,801			
Fines and forfeitures	40,000	40,000	21,979	(18,021)			
Interest (loss) on investments	8,000	8,000	45,356	37,356			
Miscellaneous	185,180	185,180	332,880	147,700			
Total Revenues	7,118,636	7,118,636	7,299,090	180,454			
Expenditures							
Current							
General government	1,593,332	1,593,332	1,643,963	(50,631)			
Public safety	3,083,919	3,083,919	3,103,590	(19,671)			
Public works	2,184,854	2,184,854	2,110,098	74,756			
Culture and recreation	260,262	260,262	207,580	52,682			
Capital outlay	8	952	(2)				
General government	6,000	6,000	14	6,000			
Public safety	10,000	10,000		10,000			
Public works	5,000	5,000	11,519	(6,519)			
Culture and recreation	40,000	40,000	40,499	(499)			
Total Expenditures	7,183,367	7,183,367	7,117,249	66,118			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(64,731	(64,731)	181,841	246,572			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	454,148	454,148	449,092	(5,056)			
Transfers out	(389,417		(1,198,349)	(808,932)			
Sale of capital assets	North Carlo	/ XT-520.537.	63,858	63,858			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	64,731	64,731	(685,399)	(750,130)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	2.5		(503,558)	(503,558)			
Fund Balances, January 1	3,591,265	3,591,265	3,591,265				
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 3,591,265	\$ 3,591,265	\$ 3,087,707	\$ (503,558)			

City of Corcoran, Minnesota

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
				Nonm				
	Water		Sewer	Stor			Totals	
Assets			NAME OF THE PARTY					
Current Assets								
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 4,150,2	268	\$ 2,772,835	\$ 6	5,280	\$	6,988,383	
Accounts receivable	31,4		44,285	· ·		11.00	75,746	
Special assessments receivable	39,0		9,769		_		48,845	
Due from other governments		98	275		2		1,373	
Prepaids	1,0	-	17,081		200		17,081	
Total Current Assets	4,221,9	003	2,844,245		55,280		7,131,428	
Total cultent Assets	4,221,2		2,044,243		00,200		7,131,420	
Noncurrent Assets								
Special assessments	111,0)16	27,754				138,770	
Capital assets								
Land	366,1	67	126,617		-		492,784	
Infrastructure	4,464,1	146	6,268,541		-		10,732,687	
Machinery and equipment	57,7	700					57,700	
Construction in progress	813,4	123	(<u>*</u>)		_		813,423	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(808,1		(1,118,177)		1 .7 1		(1,926,329)	
Net Capital Assets	4,893,2		5,276,981	X	-		10,170,265	
Total Noncurrent Assets	5,004,3	300	5,304,735			-	10,309,035	
Total Assets	9,226,2	203	8,148,980		55,280	_	17,440,463	
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable	340,7	706	1,124		(#		341,830	
Due to other governments	739,		293,056		12		1,032,320	
Accrued interest payable	21,		16,705		-		38,271	
Notes payable - current	42,		-				42,232	
Bonds payable - current	169,		80,300		_		250,000	
Total Current Liabilities	1,313,		391,185		1.5		1,704,653	
Noncurrent Liabilities								
Notes payable	187,	201	_				187,201	
Bonds payable	1,923,		1,157,808		D		3,081,658	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,111,		1,157,808					
Total Noticultent Liabilities		051	1,157,808			_	3,268,859	
Total Liabilities	3,424,	519	1,548,993		<u> </u>		4,973,512	
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	3,083,	411	4,038,873		2		7,122,284	
Unrestricted	2,718,		2,561,114		65,280		5,344,667	
Total Net Position	\$ 5,801,	684	\$ 6,599,987	\$	65,280	\$	12,466,951	

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
						nmajor			
		Water		Sewer		Storm	Totals		
Operating Revenues Charges for services	\$	499,127	\$	443,623	\$		\$	942,750	
Operating Expenses									
Supplies		100,391		5,215				105,606	
Repairs and maintenance		293,893		234,692		() () () () () () () () () ()		528,585	
Depreciation		142,927		208,951				351,878	
Total Operating Expenses	-	537,211	_	448,858		-	_	986,069	
Operating Income (Loss)		(38,084)	_	(5,235)			_	(43,319)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)									
Interest on investments		27,970		18,274		280		46,524	
Other income		1,160		7,262		-		8,422	
Interest expense		(56,079)		(40,002)		-		(96,081)	
Total Nonoperating Revenules (Expenses)		(26,949)		(14,466)	2	280	<u></u>	(41,135)	
Loss Before Contributions and Transfers		(65,033)		(19,701)		280		(84,454)	
Capital Contributions		1,300,905		613,961		12		1,914,866	
Transfers In		V.		J.7.		65,000		65,000	
Transfers Out		(249,386)		(262,786)				(512,172)	
Change in Net Position		986,486		331,474		65,280		1,383,240	
Net Position, January 1	-	4,815,198		6,268,513		<u> </u>		11,083,711	
Net Position, December 31	\$	5,801,684	\$	6,599,987	\$	65,280	\$	12,466,951	

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Вц	usines	s-type Activiti	es - En	terprise Fund	is	
		Water		Cower		onmajor		Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	1 0 1		-	Sewer	-	Storm	7	Totals
Receipts from customers and users	\$	565,602	\$	530,638	\$	25	\$	1,096,240
Payments to suppliers Net Cash Provided (Used)	-	(79,834)	_	(49,044)			-	(128,878)
by Operating Activities	-	485,768	-	481,594		-		967,362
Cash Flows from								
Noncapital Financing Activities						65.000		65,000
Transfers in Transfers out		(249,386)		(262,786)		65,000		65,000 (512,172)
Net Cash Used by Noncapital	•	(249,300)		(202,780)			-	(312,172)
Financing Activities	<u> </u>	(249,386)	_	(262,786)		65,000	3	(447,172)
Cash Flows from Capital								
and Related Financing Activities				12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-1				TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF
Connection fees received		1,501,082		613,219		170		2,114,301
Principal paid on notes payable Special assessments received		(40,624) 50,052		10.512		(5)		(40,624)
Acquisition of capital assets		(821,468)		12,513		-		62,565 (821,468)
Principal paid on bonds		(169,700)		(80,300)		-		(250,000)
Interest and other paid on bonds		(65,637)		(41,544)				(107,181)
Net Cash Provided by Capital								
and Related Financing Activities		453,705	_	503,888			<u> </u>	957,593
Cash Flows from Investing Activities								
Interest received on investments	_	27,970	_	18,274		280		46,524
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		718,057		740,970		65,280		1,524,307
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1		3,432,211		2,031,865		-		5,464,076
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	\$	4,150,268	\$	2,772,835	\$	65,280	\$	6,988,383
Reconciliation of Operating Income								
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities								
Operating Income	\$	(38,084)	\$	(5,235)	\$	2	\$	(43,319)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to								
net cash provided (used) by operating activities Other income related to operations		1.160		7060				0.400
Depreciation		1,160 142,927		7,262		7		8,422
(Increase) decrease in assets		142,527		208,951				351,878
Accounts receivable		69,202		80,725				149,927
Special assessments receivable		(4,512)		(1,128)		2		(5,640)
Due from other governments		625		156		2		781
Prepaid items		707		(5,438)		2		(4,731)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities		14066		40.4				4.750
Accounts payable Due to other governments		14,266 299,477		484 195,817				14,750 495,294
Net Cash Provided (Used)							S	
By Operating Activities	\$	485,768	\$	481,594	\$	-	\$	967,362
Noncash Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Acquisition of capital assets on account	\$	283,677	\$		\$	-	\$	283,677
Amortization of bond premium	\$	7,436	\$	539	\$	-	\$	7,975

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Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Corcoran, Minnesota (the City), operates under a Home Rule Charter form of government. The charter provides for citizen input for initiative, referendum, and recall. Under this plan, the government of the City is directed by a City Council composed of an elected Mayor and four elected City Council members. The City Council exercises legislative authority and determines all matters of policy. The City Council appoints personnel responsible for the proper administration of all affairs relating to the City. The City has considered all potential units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide the specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The City has the following component unit:

Blended Component Unit

The Economic Development Authority (the EDA) of the City was created pursuant to Minnesota statutes 469.090 through 469.108 to carry out economic and industrial development and redevelopment consistent with policies established by the City Council. The EDA may not exercise any of the powers enumerated by the authorizing statutes without prior approval of the Board of Commissioners. The activity of the EDA is blended and reported as a Debt Service fund due to the financial benefit/burden relationship. The EDA has no activity during the year. Separate financial statements are not issued for this component unit.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlement and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the tax is levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Debt Service fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The Pavement Management fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and payments made for future street improvement and pavement management capital outlay.

The Park Capital fund accounts for resources to be used in ongoing park improvement related projects

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water fund accounts for costs associated with the City's water system and ensures that user charges are sufficient to pay for those costs.

The Sewer fund accounts for the costs associated with the City's sewer system and ensures that user charges are sufficient to pay for those costs.

The Stormwater fund accounts for the costs associated with the City's storm system and ensures that user charges are sufficient to pay for those costs.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The proprietary funds' portion in the government-wide cash and temporary investments pool is considered to be cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the statements of cash flows.

Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested, to the extent available, in certificates of deposit and other authorized investments. Earnings from such investments are allocated on the basis of applicable participation by each of the funds.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The City may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota statutes, as follows:

- 1. Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- 2. Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and received the highest credit rating, rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and have a final maturity of thirteen months or less.
- General obligations of a state or local government with taxing powers rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.
- 4. General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better.
- 5. Obligation of a school district with an original maturity not exceeding 13 months and (i) rated in the highest category by a national bond rating service or (ii) enrolled in the credit enhancement program pursuant to statute section 126C.55.
- 6. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- 7. Commercial paper issued by United States banks corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies and maturing in 270 days or less.
- 8. Repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GIC's) issued or guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, a domestic
 branch of a foreign bank, a United States insurance company, or its Canadian subsidiary, whose similar debt
 obligations were rated in one of the top two rating categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.

The City's investment policy limits the term of investments to be less than five years. All other policy provisions are limited to Minnesota statutes.

The broker money market investment pool operates in accordance with appropriate State laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool share.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2022:

Negotiable Certificates of Deposit of \$1,911,550 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)

The Minnesota Municipal Money Market Fund is regulated by Minnesota statutes and the Board of Directors of the League of Minnesota Cities and is an external investment pool not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) that follows the regulatory rules of the SEC. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, the City's investment in this pool is valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. There are no restrictions or limitations on withdrawals from the 4M Liquid Asset Fund. Investments in the 4M Plus must be deposited for a minimum of 14 calendar days. Withdrawals prior to the 14-day restriction period will be subject to a penalty equal to seven days interest on the amount withdrawn. Seven days' notice of redemption is required for withdrawals of investments in the 4M Term Series withdrawn prior to the maturity date of that series. A penalty could be assessed as necessary to recoup the Series for any charges, losses, and other costs attributable to the early redemption. Financial statements of the 4M Fund can be obtained by contracting RBC Global Management at 100 South Fifth Street, Suite 2300, Minneapolis, MN 55402-1240.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property Taxes

The City Council annually adopts a tax levy in December and certifies it to the County for collection in the following year. The County is responsible for collecting all property taxes for the City. These taxes attach an enforceable lien on taxable property within the City on January 1 and are payable by the property owners in two installments. The taxes are collected by the County Treasurer and tax settlements are made to the City during January, July, and December each year.

Delinquent taxes receivable includes the past six years' uncollected taxes. Delinquent taxes have been offset by a deferred inflow of resources for taxes not received within 60 days after year end in the governmental financial statements.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable include amounts billed for services provided before year end. Amounts outstanding at year end are considered fully collectible.

Special Assessments

Special assessments represent the financing for public improvements paid for by benefiting property owners. These assessments are recorded as receivable upon certification to the County. Special assessments are recognized as revenue when they are received in cash or within 60 days after year end. All governmental special assessments receivable is offset by a deferred inflow of resources in the fund financial statements.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are, reported in the governmental activity's column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. The City reports infrastructure assets on a network and subsystem basis. Accordingly, the amounts spent for the construction or acquisition on infrastructure assets are capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities) the City chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year). As the City constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations, the City values these capital assets at the acquisition value of the item at the date of its donation.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Useful Lives in Years
Buildings and Improvements	7 - 40
Infrastructure	15 - 50
Equipment and Machinery	5 - 60
Vehicles	3 - 50
Roads and Highways	20 - 40
Land Improvements	5 - 30

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has only one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred pension resources, is reported only in the statement of net position. This item results from actuarial calculations and current year pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date.

Furthermore, the City has additional items which qualify for reporting in this category on the statement of net position. The items, deferred pension resources are reported only in the statement of net position and results from actuarial calculations involving net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments and changes in proportions.

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation, which is paid to the employee upon separation. A portion of unused sick leave may also be paid upon separation from City service. In governmental fund types of the cost of these benefits are recognized when payments are made to the employees. The General fund is typically used to liquidate governmental compensated absences payable.

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions

Under Minnesota statute 471.61, subdivision 2b., public employers must allow retirees and their dependents to continue coverage indefinitely in an employer-sponsored health care plan, under the following conditions: 1) Retirees must be receiving (or eligible to receive) an annuity from a Minnesota public pension plan, 2) Coverage must continue in group plan until age 65, and retirees must pay no more than the group premium, and 3) Retirees may obtain dependent coverage immediately before retirement. All premiums are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The liability was actuarially determined, in accordance with GASB Statement 75, on January 1, 2021. The General fund is typically used to liquidate governmental another postemployment benefits payable.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General fund is typically used to liquidate the governmental net pension liability.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The total pension expense for the General Employee Plan (GERP), Police and Fire Plan (PEPFP) is as follows:

	Public Employ Association of N	Total All		
	GERP	PEPFP		Plans
City's proportionate share Proportionate share of State's contribution	\$320,933 6,640	\$ 369,188 27,099	\$	690,121 33,739
Total Pension Expense	\$327,573	 \$396,287		\$723,860

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. The recognition of bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies as needing to be reported in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: taxes, special assessments, and intergovernmental. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Furthermore, the City has additional items which qualify for reporting in this category on the statement of net position. The items, deferred pension resources are reported only in the statement of net position and results from actuarial calculations involving net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments and changes in proportions.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds. These classifications are defined as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as due from other funds.

Restricted - Amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action (resolution) of the City Council, which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council modifies or rescinds the commitment by resolution.

Assigned - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed. In governmental funds other than the General fund, assigned fund balance represents all remaining amounts that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed. In the General fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the City Council itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. The City Council has adopted a fund balance policy which delegates the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes to the City Administrator.

Unassigned - The residual classification for the General fund and also negative residual amounts in other funds.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The City has formally adopted a fund balance policy for the General fund. The City's policy is to maintain a minimum unrestricted fund balance of 35 percent of budgeted operating expenditures for cash-flow timing needs.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- Restricted net position- Consist of net position balances restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- Unrestricted net position- All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets"

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Comparative Data/Reclassification

The City combined funds presented in the prior year (Asphalt Maintenance, Pulte Encore, Appaloosa Woods, Corcoran Trail East/West, Bridge Project, City Center Drive, CSAH 101 and 105 Avenue, and Park Trail Improvements) to one fund titled Pavement Management in the current fiscal year. The result is no difference in total governmental fund balances from the prior year.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

In July of each year, all departments of the City submit requests for appropriations to the City Administrator so that a budget may be prepared. Before September 30th, the proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review. The City Council holds public hearings, and a final budget is prepared and adopted in December.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City's department heads, with the approval of the City Council, may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level. The budget was not amended during the year.

B. Deficit Fund Equity

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the following funds were in deficit:

Fund	Amount
Nonmajor	
Police Donation	\$ 2,467

The deficit fund equity noted above is expected to be eliminated with future charges for services.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits and investments may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with Minnesota statutes and as authorized by the City Council, the City maintains deposits at those depository banks, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota statutes require that all City deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The fair value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds, with the exception of irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks as this type of collateral only requires collateral pledged equal to 100 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral in lieu of a corporate surety bond includes:

- United States government Treasury bills, Treasury notes, Treasury bonds.
- Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity.
- General obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "A" or better by a
 national bond rating service, or revenue obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers
 which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

- General obligation securities of a local government with taxing powers may be pledged as collateral against funds deposited by that same local government entity.
- Irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to a municipality accompanied by
 written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or Standard
 & Poor's Corporation; and
- Time deposits that are fully insured by any federal agency.

Minnesota statutes require that all collateral shall be placed in safekeeping in a restricted account at a Federal Reserve Bank, or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The selection should be approved by the City.

At year end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$6,970,974 and the bank balance was \$7,652,715. A portion of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining balance was covered by collateral help by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the City's name.

Investments

As of December 31, 2022, the City had the following investments that are insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

	Credit Quality/	Segmented Time				Fair Va	lue Meas	suremen	t Using	
Types of Investments	Ratings (1)	Distribution (2)		Amount	Lev	rel 1	Lev	el 2	Lev	el 3
Pooled Investments at Amortized Costs			V		10.		90		(J	
Money Market Mutual funds	N/A	Less than 1 year	\$	590,387	\$	2	\$	2	\$	-
4M Money Market Accounts	N/A	Less than 1 year		11,827,307						750
Non-pooled Investments at Fair Value										
Brokered Certificates of Deposit	N/A	Less than 1 year		1,911,550		-	1,91	1,550		-
		-	8		1	-		-		-
Total Investments			\$	14,329,244	\$		\$ 1,91	1,550	\$	

- 1. Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies where applicable to indicate associated credit risk.
- 2. Interest rate risk is disclosed using the segmented time distribution method.

N/A Indicated not applicable or unavailable.

The investments of the City are subject to the following risks:

- Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its
 obligations. Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies and where applicable, indicate associated
 credit risk. Minnesota statutes limit the City's investments to the list on page 48 of the notes.
- Custodial Credit Risk. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the
 counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral
 securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy does not address custodial
 credit risk but typically limits its exposure by purchasing insured or registered investments.
- Concentration of Credit Risk. The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a
 government's investment in a single issuer. The City places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any
 one issuer.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk. The interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value
of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair
values by limiting the maturity of its investment portfolio to less than five years.

Cash and Investments Summary

A reconciliation of cash and temporary investments as reported on the statement of net position follows:

Carrying Amount of Deposits Investments	\$ 6,970,974 14,329,244
Total	\$ 21,300,218
Cash and Temporary Investments Statement of Net Position	\$ 21,300,218

B. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases			Ending Balance
Governmental Activities Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$	3,321,427 3,628,916	\$	- 1,244,385	\$	(28,600) (1,494,372)	\$	3,292,827 3,378,929
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		6,950,343		1,244,385		(1,522,972)		6,671,756
Capital Assets Being Depreciated Buildings Equipment Infrastructure	<u> </u>	5,978,382 5,189,596 6,197,370	2	38,180 1,073,490 1,494,372		(9,164) -		6,016,562 6,253,922 7,691,742
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	<u> </u>	17,365,348	-	2,606,042		(9,164)		19,962,226
Less Accumulated Depreciation Buildings Equipment Infrastructure		(2,334,420) (3,400,378) (1,244,172)	-	(207,993) (489,226) (206,879)		9,164 -		(2,542,413) (3,880,440) (1,451,051)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u> </u>	(6,978,970)	-	(904,098)		9,164	<u>p</u>	(7,873,904)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		10,386,378	_	1,701,944	-	(<u>1</u>)	_	12,088,322
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	17,336,721	\$	2,946,329	\$	(1,522,972)	\$	18,760,078

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

		Beginning Balance		Increases		ecreases		Ending Balance
Business-type Activities Capital Assets not Being Depreciated								
Land	\$	492,784	\$	1 105 145	\$	(004 700)	\$	492,784
Construction in progress Total Capital Assets	_	-		1,105,145		(291,722)		813,423
not Being Depreciated		492,784		1,105,145		(291,722)		1,306,207
Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
Infrastructure		10,440,964		291,722		(4)		10,732,686
Machinery and Equipment Total capital assets		57,700					_	57,700
being depreciated		10,498,664		291,722	<u>. </u>	-		10,790,386
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Infrastructure		(1,566,757)		(348,032)		<u> 4</u>		(1,914,789)
Machinery and Equipment Total accumulated	-	(7,693)		(3,846)				(11,539)
depreciation	_	(1,574,450)	_	(351,878)				(1,926,328)
Total Capital Assets								
Being Depreciated, Net		8,924,214	_	(60,156)	Į.			8,864,058
Business-type Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	9,416,998	\$	1,044,989	\$	(291,722)	\$	10,170,265
Depreciation expense was charged to functi	ons/p	rograms of the	e City	as follows:				
Governmental Activities								
General government							\$	55,272
Public safety								143,155
Public works Culture and recreation								679,931 25,740
outdre und reoreation							-	20,710
Total Depreciation Expense - Governme	ntal A	ctivities					\$	904,098
Business-type Activities								1.10.00=
Water Sewer							\$	142,927 208,951
Sewei								200,931

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Construction Commitments

The City has three active construction projects as of December 31, 2022. At year end, the City's commitments with the contractors are as follows:

Project	Spent to Date	emaining mmitment
66th Avenue/Gleason Parkway Improvements	\$ 2,042,103	\$ 31,652

C. Interfund Balances and Transfers

Interfund Transfers

The composition of interfund transfers as of December 31, 2022 is as follows:

		Transfers In										
Fund		General	Del	bt Service	Pavement Management		Stormwater		Nonmajor Governmental		0,	Total
Transfers Out												
General	\$		\$	-	\$	65,217	\$	65,000	\$	1,068,132	\$	1,198,349
Water		224,546		24,840		120		· ·		21 W 🙀		249,386
Sewer		224,546		38,240		-		Ä		7		262,786
Nonmajor Governmental	-	-	_	[#/				<u>.</u>	_	4,575	-	4,575
Total	\$	449,092	\$	63,080	\$	65,217	\$	65,000	\$	1,072,707	\$	1,715,096

The City annually budgets transfers for specific purposes. Annual transfers include transfers designated as a percentage of annual revenues, transfers made to cover funds annual operations, transfers made as part of capital improvement plans, transfers are made for debt service payments and other transfers made to fund future capital projects.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds (G.O. Bonds)

The City issued G.O. bonds in governmental activities for equipment purchases and the construction of the new public works facility. Both will be repaid with tax levy. Each year the tax levy equals 105 percent of the amount required for debt service. The excess of 5 percent is to cover any delinquencies in tax payments.

G.O. bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. Bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description		Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date		Balance at Year End
G.O. Equipment	120	19144899313331344	24: 2004 - 20020 - 200	A Verminance (Vermina)	NOTE TO SEE SEED OF	100	377 895, 320 805
Certificate of 2016A	\$	290,000	2.00 - 3.00 %	05/01/16	05/01/26	\$	140,000
G.O. Improvement							
Bonds Series 2016A		2,625,000	2.00 - 2.40	05/01/16	05/01/32		1,505,000
G.O. Equipment							
Certification of 2018A		600,000	3.00 - 3.125	05/31/18	02/01/34		415,000
G.O. Bonds							
Series 2018A		1,235,000	3.00 - 3.125	05/31/18	02/01/34		1,030,000
G.O. Equipment							
Certification of 2020A		805,000	1.60 - 2.35	07/01/20	02/01/30		725,000
G.O. Capital Improvement							
Bonds Series 2020B		3,365,000	1.20 - 2.00	11/05/20	02/01/38		3,220,000
G.O. Equipment							
Certificate of 2023A		1,800,000	3.12 - 4.00	06/02/22	02/01/32		1,800,000
Total General Obligation	Bond	s				\$	8,835,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities									
December 31,	Princip	al	Interest		Total					
2023	\$ 655	5,000 \$	215,934	\$	870,934					
2024	835	5,000	186,833		1,021,833					
2025	860	0,000	165,008		1,025,008					
2026	885	5,000	142,483		1,027,483					
2027	865	5,000	119,733		984,733					
2028-2032	3,175	5,000	321,106		3,496,106					
2033-2037	1,315	5,000	68,520		1,383,520					
2038	245	5,000	1,958		246,958					
Total	\$ 8,835	5,000 \$	1,221,575	\$	10,056,575					

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

G.O. Revenue Bonds

The following bonds were issued to finance capital improvements, and finance acquisition and construction of capital facilities. They will be repaid from future net revenues pledged from the Water and Sewer funds and are backed by the taxing power of the City.

G.O. revenue bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description		uthorized nd Issued	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
G.O. Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2014B	\$	3,130,000	2.00 - 3.625 %	08/01/14	02/01/35	\$ 2,215,000
G.O. Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2020A		1,145,000	1.60 - 2.35	07/01/20	02/01/31	 1,040,000
Total General Obligation R	evenue	Bonds				\$ 3,255,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for G.O. revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Business-Type Activities									
December 31,	P	Principal				Total				
2023	\$	250,000	\$	89,675	\$	339,675				
2024		265,000		83,025		348,025				
2025		270,000		76,100		346,100				
2026		280,000		68,975		348,975				
2027		280,000		61,725		341,725				
2028-2032		1,355,000		192,509		1,547,509				
2033-2035		555,000		30,541		585,541				
Total	\$	3,255,000	\$	602,550	\$	3,857,550				

Annual revenue from operations, principal and interest payments on bonds, and the percentage of revenues required to cover principal and interest are as follows:

)	Water	 Sewer
Net Operating Revenues	\$	499,127	\$ 443,623
Principal and Interest		235,337	121,844
Percentage of Revenues		212.1%	364.1%

Notes Payable

The City has the following notes payable outstanding for water connection charges.

Description	Authorized and Issued					Issue Date	Maturity Date	alance at ⁄ear End
Maple Grove - WAC Maple Grove - WAC	\$	300,000 117,790	5.50 0.0	%	01/01/14 12/20/27 02/16/16 01/01/27		\$ 170,538 58,895	
Total Notes Payable							\$ 229,433	

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for notes outstanding are as follows:

Year Ending	Business-Type Activities									
December 31,	F	Principal			Total					
2023	\$	42,232	\$	8,951	\$	51,183				
2024		43,931		7,252		51,183				
2025		45,723		5,460		51,183				
2026		47,617		3,566		51,183				
2027	V	49,930		1,253		51,183				
Total	\$	229,433	\$	26,482	\$	255,915				

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		1	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance		ie Within ne Year
Governmental Activities										
Bonds Payable G.O. bonds payable	Ś	7,655,000	Ś	1,800,000	\$	(620,000)	\$	8,835,000	\$	655,000
Unamortized premium on bonds	_	183,253		73,100		(25,285)	_	231,068		-
Total Bonds Payable		7,838,253		1,873,100		(645,285)		9,066,068		655,000
Compensated Absences Payable		309,950	_	249,296	3	(206,530)		352,716		155,195
Governmental Activity										
Long-term Liabilities	\$	8,148,203	\$	2,122,396	\$	(851,815)	\$	9,418,784	\$	810,195
Business-type Activities Bonds Payable										
Revenue bonds payable Unamortized premium on bonds	\$	3,505,000 84,633	\$	÷	\$	(250,000) (7,975)	\$	3,255,000 76,658	\$	250,000
Total Bonds Payable		3,589,633				(257,975)		3,331,658		250,000
Notes Payable	-	270,057)\ -			(40,624)	_	229,433		42,232
Business-type Activity					1					
Long-term Liabilities	\$	3,859,690	\$		\$	(298,599)	\$	3,561,091	\$	292,232

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

E. Components of Fund Balance

At December 31, 2022, portions of the City's fund balance are not available for appropriation due to not being in spendable form (Nonspendable), legal restrictions (Restricted), City Council action (Committed), policy and/or intent (Assigned). The following is a summary of the components of fund balance:

W	Ge	eneral		Debt ervice		vement agement		Park Capital		lonmajor vernmental Funds		Total
Nonspendable	6	4.010	٨		٨		٨		^		^	4.010
Prepaid items	2	4,012	\$		2		\$		\$		\$	4,012
Restricted for												
Debt service	\$	-	\$	47,296	\$		\$	-	\$	15.	\$	47,296
Capital outlay		4		-		2		4		2,240,084		2,240,084
Park dedication fees		-		Q.		₩.		3,186,226				3,186,226
Lawful gambling		(/ =)				(W)				230,393		230,393
Police expenditures						-		-		12,674		12,674
Total Restricted	\$		\$	47,296	\$	-	\$	3,186,226	\$	2,483,151	_\$	5,716,673
Committed to												
Emergency sirens	\$	2	\$	2	\$	-	\$	2	\$	39,239	\$	39,239
Police expenditures		μ.		40		1		5 4 .		26,465		26,465
Truck safety		<u>-</u>				-	_			5,212		5,212
Total Committed	\$		\$		\$\$		\$	-	\$	70,916	\$	70,916
Assigned to												
Long range capital planning	\$	2	\$	-	\$	4	\$	- 2	\$	471,015	\$	471,015
Capital outlay				-	(+	357,362	-	159,428	100	49,541	-	566,331
Total Assigned	\$		\$		\$	357,362	\$	159,428	\$	520,556	\$	1,037,346

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide

A. Plan Description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota statutes*, chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Plan

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

The Police and Fire Plan, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the Police and Fire Plan also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to a local relief association that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

General Employee Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7 percent for average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

Police and Fire Plan Benefits

Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after five years up to 100 percent after ten years of credited service. Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years up to 100 percent after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3.0 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Police and Fire Plan members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is fixed at 1 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. For recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

C. Contributions

Minnesota statutes chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

General Employees Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2019 and the City was required to contribute 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The City's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ending December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$110,142, \$97,494 and \$79,572, respectively. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

Police and Fire Fund Contributions

Police and Fire Plan members were required to contribute 11.80 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2021 and the City was required to contribute 17.70 percent for Police and Fire Plan members. The City's contributions to the Police and Fire Fund for the years ending December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$175,464, \$137,660 and \$133,277, respectively. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

D. Pension Costs

General Employees Fund Pension Costs

On December 31, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$1,520,646 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$44,439. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.0192 percent which was an increase of 0.0033 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,520,646
State of Minnesota's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City	 44,439
Total	\$ 1,565,085

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$320,933 or its proportionate share of General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized \$6,640 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2022, the City reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ō	Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$	12,702	Ś	13,362
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	•	286,786	Ŷ	4,735
Net Difference Between Projected and				MA E.S.
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		112,680		
Changes in Proportion		110,163		
Contributions Paid to PERA Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date		57,539		-
Total	\$	579,870	\$	18,097

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

The \$57,539 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2023	\$ 208,462
2024	173,423
2025	(15,171)
2026	137,520

Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$3,198,430 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportionate share was 0.0735 percent which was an increase of 0.0147 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2021.

The State of Minnesota contributed \$18 million to the Police and Fire Fund in the plan fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The contribution consisted of \$9 million in direct state aid that does meet the definition of a special funding situation and \$9 million in supplemental state aid that does not meet the definition of a special funding situation. The \$9 million direct state was paid on October 1, 2020. Thereafter, by October 1 of each year, the state will pay \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund until full funding is reached or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. The \$9 million in supplemental state aid will continue until the fund is 90 percent funded, or until the State Patrol Plan (administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System) is 90 percent funded, whichever occurs later. Strong asset returns for the fiscal year ended 2021 will accelerate the phasing out of these state contributions, although we do not anticipate them to be phased out during the fiscal year ending 2022.

The State of Minnesota is included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Retirement Plan Schedule of Employer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer, Current Reporting Period Only (pension allocation schedules) for the \$9 million in direct state aid. Police and Fire Plan employers need to recognize their proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense (and grant revenue) under GASB 68 special funding situation accounting and financial reporting requirements. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$369,188 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$27,099 as pension expense (grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund.

The State of Minnesota is not included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Pension Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$9 million in supplemental state aid. The City recognized \$6,615 for the year ended December 31, 2020, as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the Police and Fire Fund.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

At December 31, 2022, the City reported its proportionate share of Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, related to pensions from the following sources:

	ā	Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and				
Actual Economic Experience	\$	181,890	\$	3,735
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		1,759,559		29,438
Net Difference Between Projected and				
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		214,900		\ <u>~</u>
Changes in Proportion		107,289		68,731
Contributions Paid to PERA Subsequent		500 A 1994 A 1994 ST 1995 ST 1995		**************************************
to the Measurement Date	<u></u>	95,433	<u></u>	
Total	\$	2,359,071	\$	101,904

The \$95,433 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2023	\$ 438,425
2024	432,406
2025	383,122
2026	641,665
2027	266,116

E. Long-term Expected Return on Investments

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness return on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	33.5 %	5.10 %
International Equity	16.5	5.30
Fixed Income	25.0	0.75
Private Markets	25.0	5.90
Total	100.00_ %	

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 6.5 percent. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 6.5 percent was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25 percent for the General Employees Plan. Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the General Employees Plan.

Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25 percent after one year of service to 3.0 percent after 27 years of service.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. Mortality rates for the Police and Fire Plan is based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Employee Mortality tables. The tables are adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation was based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study in the General Employees Plan was completed in 2019. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and become effective with the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2022:

General Employees Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

Police and Fire Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.
- The single discount rate changed from 6.50 percent to 5.40 percent.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2022 was 6.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Fund and the Police and Fire Fund were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

In the Police and Fire Fund, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2060. Beginning in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2061 for the Police and Fire Fund, projected benefit payments exceed the funds' projected fiduciary net position. Benefit payments projected after were discounted at the municipal bond rate of 3.69 percent (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Fidelity "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index)". The resulting equivalent single discount rate of 5.40 percent for the Police and Fire Fund was determined to give approximately the same present value of projected benefits when applied to all years projected benefits ads the present value of projected benefits using 6.50 percent applied to all years of projected benefits through the point of asset depletion and 3.69 percent thereafter.

H. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1 Percent Decrease (5.50%)			rent (6.50%)	1 Percent Increase (7.50%)		
General Employees Fund Police and Fire Fund	\$	2,401,941 4,840,413	\$	1,520,646 3,198,430	\$	797,849 1,870,984	

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

Note 5: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

A. Plan Description

The City's defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan") provides healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses. The Retiree Health Plan is affiliated with the healthcare plan administered through LOGIS, an agent multiple-employer postemployment healthcare plan. LOGIS is a consortium of Minnesota local government units controlled by its members. LOGIS' Board of Directors is composed of one representative from each agency. LOGIS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the health plan. That report may be obtained by writing to LOGIS, 5750 Duluth Street, Golden Valley, MN 55422, or by calling (763) 543-2600.

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefit Payments Active Plan Members	1 23
Total Plan Members	24

B. Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by LOGIS' Board of Directors. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City's average contribution rate was 0.90 percent of covered-employee payroll. For the year 2022, the City's implicit contributions to the plan totaled \$23,375.

C. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The City's total OPEB liability of \$350,374 was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020. Roll forward procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to the measurement date.

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate	4.05%
20-Year Municipal Bond Yield	4.05%
Inflation Rate	2.50%
Salary Increases	N/A
Medical Trend Rate	6.20% in 2022 decreasing 0.30% per year to an ultimate rate of 3.9%

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.40 percent. Assets were projected using expected benefit payments and expected asset returns. Expected benefit payments by year were discounted using the expected asset return assumption for years in which the assets were sufficient to pay all benefit payments. Any remaining benefit payments after the trust fund is exhausted are discounted at the 20-year municipal bond rate.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation was based on input from a variety of published sources of historical and projected future financial data. Each assumption was reviewed for reasonableness with the source information as well as for consistency with the other economic assumptions.

Note 5: Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions (Continued)

D. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability (a)
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$ 391,609
Changes for the Year:	:
Service cost	25,166
Interest	8,344
Differences between expected and actual experience	7
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(51,370)
Benefit payments	(23,375)
Net Changes	(41,235)
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$ 350,374

E. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.06 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.06 percent) than the current discount rate:

1 Percent			1 Percent			
Decrease (3.05%)		Curr	ent (4.05%)	Increase (5.05%)		
		à		_		
\$	375,246	\$	350,374	\$	327,329	

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Healthcare Cost Trent Rates that is 1-percentage point lower (5.75 percent decreasing to 4.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75 percent increasing to 4.90 percent) than the current discount rate:

1 Percent Decrease (5.2% Decreasing 0.30% Per Year)		Tre	thcare Cost end Rates	1 Percent Increase (7.2% Decreasing 0.30% Per Year)		
		TA 2000 CAC	Decreasing % Per Year)			
\$	315,915	\$	350,374	\$	389,833	

F. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$41,235. At December 31, 2022, there are no deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

Note 6: Other Information

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the City carries insurance. The City obtains insurance through participation in the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT) which is a risk sharing pool with approximately 800 other governmental units. The City pays an annual premium to LMCIT for its workers compensation and property and casualty insurance. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure for claims above a prescribed dollar amount for each insurance event. Settled claims have not exceeded the City's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities, if any, include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The City's management is not aware of any incurred but not reported claims.

B. Legal Debt Margin

In accordance with Minnesota statutes, the City may not incur or be subject to net debt in excess of three percent of the market value of taxable property within the City. Net debt is payable solely from ad valorem taxes and, therefore, excludes debt financed partially or entirely by special assessments, enterprise fund revenues or tax increments. The City has no outstanding debt subject to the limit.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF CORCORAN CORCORAN, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Schedule of Employer's Share of PERA Net Pension Liability - General Employees Fund

Fiscal Year Ending	City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (a)		State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City (b)		Total (a+b)		City's Covered Payroll (c)		City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/c)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	
06/30/22	0.0192 %	\$	1,520,646	\$	44,439	\$	1,565,085	\$	1,405,282	108.2 %	76.7 %	
06/30/21	0.0159		679,001		20,754		699,755		1,136,701	59.7	87.0	
06/30/20	0.0147		881,332		27,082		908,414		1,032,335	85.4	79.0	
06/30/19	0.0133		735,327		22,832		758,159		941,564	78.1	80.2	
06/30/18	0.0130		721,187		23,786		744,973		876,976	82.2	79.5	
06/30/17	0.0111		708,617		8,921		717,538		715,840	99.0	75.9	
06/30/16	0.0106		860,667		11,305		871,972		658,533	130.7	68.9	
06/30/15	0.0102		528,617		14		528,617		306,733	172.3	78.2	

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's PERA Contributions - General Employees Fund

Year Ending	F	tatutorily Required ntribution (a)	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution (b)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)		City's Covered Payroll (c)		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)	
12/31/22	\$	110,142	\$	110,142	\$	-	\$	1,468,560	7.5	%
12/31/21		97,494		97,494		-		1,299,920	7.5	
12/31/20		79,572		79,572		-		1,060,960	7.5	
12/31/19		74,497		74,497		-		993,293	7.5	
12/31/18		68,497		68,497		7		913,292	7.5	
12/31/17		59,070		59,070		-		787,600	7.5	
12/31/16		52,496		52,496		2		699,947	7.5	
12/31/15		46,319		46,319				617,587	7.5	

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - General Employee Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- 2022 The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.
- 2021- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.
- 2020 The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%. The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%. Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements. Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter. Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019. The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older. The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.
- 2019 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.
- 2018 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017. The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.
- 2017 The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15.0 percent for vested deferred member liability and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.
- 2016 The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.
- 2015 The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - General Employee Fund (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions

- 2022 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2021 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2020 Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020, through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.
- 2019 The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The state's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.
- 2018 The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024. Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018. Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply. Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed. Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019. For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors. Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.
- 2017 The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter. The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.
- 2016 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2015 On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised.

Schedule of Employer's Share of PERA Net Pension Liability - Police and Fire Fund

Fiscal Year Ending	City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	City's coportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (a)	State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City (b)			Total (a+b)	City's Covered Payroll (c)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	
06/30/22	0.0735 %	\$ 3,198,430	\$	139,705	\$	3,338,135	\$ 900,268	355.3 %	70.5 %
06/30/21	0.0588	453,874		20,390		474,264	701,855	64.7	93.7
06/30/20	0.0691	910,812		21,449		932,261	780,391	116.7	87.2
06/30/19	0.0692	736,704		17		736,704	729,156	101.0	89.3
06/30/18	0.0655	698,163		-		698,163	689,830	101.2	88.8
06/30/17	0.0620	837,074		2		837,074	631,383	132.6	85.4
06/30/16	0.0510	2,046,719				2,046,719	656,142	311.9	63.9
06/30/15	0.0560	636,291		-		636,291	475,475	133.8	86.6

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's PERA Contributions - Police and Fire Fund

Year Ending	F	tatutorily Required entribution (a)	Rela S	tributions in ation to the tatutorily Required entribution (b)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)		City's Covered Payroll (c)		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)	
12/31/22	\$	175,464	\$	175,464	\$	_	\$	991,320	17.70	%
12/31/21		137,660		137,660		-		777,738	17.70	
12/31/20		133,277		133,277		12		752,977	17.70	
12/31/19		131,228		131,228		15		774,204	16.95	
12/31/18		113,901		113,901		-		703,095	16.20	
12/31/17		106,295		106,295		2		656,142	16.20	
12/31/16		93,418		93,418		7.		576,654	16.20	
12/31/15		77,027		77,027		÷		475,475	16.20	

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Public Employees Police and Fire Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

2022 - The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021. The single discount rate changed from 6.50 percent to 5.40 percent.

2021 - The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes. The inflation assumption was changed from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent. The payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 Public Safety Mortality table. The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2019 to MN-2020. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 healthy annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2019) to the Pub-2010 Public Safety disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2020). Assumed rates of salary increase were modified as recommended in the July 14, 2020, experience study. The overall impact is a decrease in gross salary increase rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the July 14, 2020, experience study. The changes result in slightly more unreduced retirements and fewer assumed early retirements. Assumed rates of withdrawal were changed from select and ultimate rates to service-based rates. The changes result in more assumed terminations. Assumed rates of disability were increased for ages 25-44 and decreased for ages over 49. Overall, proposed rates result in more projected disabilities. Assumed percent married for active female members was changed from 60 percent to 70 percent. Minor changes to form of payment assumptions were applied.

- 2020 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.
- 2019 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.
- 2018 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.

2017 - Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016, experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements. The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2 percent for non-vested members. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees. Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall. Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent. Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females. The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter. The single discount rate was changed from 5.6 percent to 7.5 percent.

2016 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2037 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 5.6 percent. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2037 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Public Employees Police and Fire Fund (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions

- 2022 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2021 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2020 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2019 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

2018 - As set by statute, the assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2064 and 2.5 percent per year, thereafter, to 1.0 percent for all years, with no trigger. An end date of July 1, 2048, was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution. New annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter until the plan reaches 100 percent funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier. Member contributions were changed from 10.80 percent to 11.30 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2019, and 11.80 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2020. Employer contributions were changed from 16.20 percent to 16.95 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2019, and 17.70 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2020. Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018. Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply. Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017- Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016, experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements. The combined service annuity (CSA) load was 30.00 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33.00 percent for vested members and 2.00 percent for non-vested members. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees. Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.00 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall. Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65.00 percent to 60.00 percent. Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females. The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased. The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter. The single discount rate was changed from 5.60 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.

- 2016 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2015 The post-retirement benefit increase to be paid after attainment of the 90 percent funding threshold was changed, from inflation up to 2.5 percent, to a fixed rate of 2.5 percent.

Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

		2021	2021		2020		2019		2018	
Total OPEB Liability										7.
Service cost	\$	25,166	\$	25,258	\$	21,963	\$	16,254	\$	16,488
Interest		8,344		8,966		10,358		12,423		10,632
Differences between expected and actual experience		4		(20,208)		1		(29,562)		2
Changes in assumptions		(51,370)		(12,838)		21,220		81,749		(17,796)
Benefit payments		(23,375)		(14,507)		(9,362)		(15,182)		(13,650)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	<u> </u>	(41,235)) 	(13,329)		44,180		65,682		(4,326)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	_	391,609	_	404,938		360,758	_	295,076	_	299,402
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	350,374	\$	391,609	\$	404,938	\$	360,758	\$	295,076
Covered - Employee Payroll	\$	2,600,000	\$	2,300,000	\$	1,700,000	\$	1,700,000	\$	1,300,000
City's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		13.5 %		17.0 %	'n	23.8 %	6	21.2 %	%	22.7 %

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

CITY OF CORCORAN CORCORAN, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2022

		Special Revenue		Capital Projects	Total	
Assets	-					
Cash and temporary investments	\$	959,857	\$	3,026,100	\$	3,985,957
Accounts receivable		2,329		#1	-	2,329
Total Assets	\$	962,186	\$	3,026,100	\$	3,988,286
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	1,689	\$	265,460	\$	267,149
Unearned revenue		648,981		-		648,981
Total Liabilities	9 	650,670	-	265,460		916,130
Fund Balances						
Restricted		243,067		2,240,084		2,483,151
Committed		70,916				70,916
Assigned		-		520,556		520,556
Unassigned		(2,467)		.		(2,467)
Total Fund Balance		311,516		2,760,640		3,072,156
Total Liabilities						
and Fund Balances	\$	962,186	\$	3,026,100	\$	3,988,286

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Special Revenue			Capital Projects		Total
Revenues	0		ile-section.			
Intergovernmental	\$	34,033	\$	10,000	\$	44,033
Charges for services		30,822		-		30,822
Interest on investments		2,235		21,207		23,442
Miscellaneous		66,411		27,385		93,796
Total Revenues		133,501	/	58,592		192,093
Expenditures						
Current						
General government		34,033		-		34,033
Public safety		44,085		(+		44,085
Capital outlay		34.53				2 A. Caraca
General government				104,423		104,423
Public safety		35,930		275,962		311,892
Public works		_		684,208		684,208
Culture and recreation		(#		251,668		251,668
Debt service						W.
Interest and other charges				65,220		65,220
Total Expenditures		114,048		1,381,481	;	1,495,529
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		19,453		(1,322,889)		(1,303,436)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		29,293		1,043,414		1,072,707
Bond issued				1,755,030		1,755,030
Premium on bonds issued		-		73,100		73,100
Transfers out		(4,575)		-		(4,575)
Sale of capital assets				10,708		10,708
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	24,718		2,882,252		2,906,970
Net Change in Fund Balances		44,171		1,559,363		1,603,534
Fund Balances, January 1	-	267,345		1,201,277	,	1,468,622
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	311,516	\$	2,760,640	\$	3,072,156

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2022

	1	201 Reserve Donation		202 Police onation	204 Firearms Safety		205 DWI Forfeiture	
Assets	499	VV V - 2007/20/4900/20	0.000	V21000429949 N	046	10704AA 907436ATM	20007	0001 (0004)0000
Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable	\$	14,398	\$	(778) -	\$	12,067 -	\$	9,913
Total Assets	\$	14,398	\$	(778)	\$	12,067	\$	9,913
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	2	\$	1,689	\$	4	\$	·=
Unearned revenue	181801			-		-	3.001	7
Total Liabilities	-			1,689				
Fund Balances								
Restricted		140		1-1		-		9,913
Committed		14,398		=		12,067		=
Unassigned		-		(2,467)		-		
Total Fund Balances		14,398		(2,467)		12,067		9,913
Total Liabilities								
and Fund Balances	_\$	14,398	\$	(778)	\$	12,067	\$	9,913

206 Drug Forfeiture		207 Truck Safety		208 Lawful Gambling		209 ergency Sirens	210 ARPA	Total	
\$	2,761	\$	5,212 -	\$	228,064 2,329	\$ 39,239	\$ 648,981	\$	959,857 2,329
\$	2,761	\$	5,212	\$	230,393	\$ 39,239	\$ 648,981	\$	962,186
\$	-	\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 648,981 648,981	\$	1,689 648,981 650,670
-	2,761 - - 2,761		5,212 5,212		230,393	39,239 - 39,239	5 2 2	-	243,067 70,916 (2,467) 311,516
\$	2,761	\$	5,212	\$	230,393	\$ 39,239	\$ 648,981	\$	962,186

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Re	2 01 serve nation		202 Police onation	204 Firearms Safety		205 DWI feiture
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$ _	\$	-
Charges for services		9,187		=	435		-
Interest on investments		20		-	52		68
Miscellaneous				11,300	8,945		2,750
Total Revenues		9,207		11,300	9,432		2,818
Expenditures							
Current							
General government		-		-	-		-
Public safety		2,801		16,457	24,827		6 5
Capital outlay							
Public safety		-					
Total Expenditures		2,801		16,457	24,827		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	0	6,406		(5,157)	 (15,395)		2,818
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		4,575		11,468	13,250		# 1
Transfers out		-		(4,575)	Teroogramma.		-
Total Other Financing	M======					-	
Sources (Uses)		4,575	-	6,893	 13,250		
Net Change in Fund Balances		10,981		1,736	(2,145)		2,818
Fund Balances, January 1	9	3,417		(4,203)	 14,212		7,095
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	14,398	\$	(2,467)	\$ 12,067	\$	9,913

206 Drug Forfeiture		207 Truck Safety		208 Lawful Gambling		209 Emergency Sirens	210 ARPA		Total	
\$	19 19 19	\$	35 1,400 1,435	\$	1,521 42,016 43,537	21,200 296 - 21,496	\$	34,033 224 34,257	\$	34,033 30,822 2,235 66,411 133,501
			-			35,930		34,033	-	34,033 44,085 35,930
	19		1,435	_	43,537	35,930	-	34,033		114,048 19,453
(-					-	-	# : 2		29,293 (4,575) 24,718
	19 2,742		1,435 3,777		43,537 186,856	(14,434) 53,673		224	4	44,171 267,345
\$	2,761	\$	5,212	\$	230,393	\$ 39,239	\$		\$	311,516

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2022

	40 City Rem	Hall	401 Long Range Capital Planning		411 Public Works Facility		E	416 Capital
Assets	*		70.		******		8 -1-4	
Cash and temporary investments	\$		\$	471,015	\$	49,541	\$	1,311,864
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	<u>:</u>	\$		\$	227,784
Fund Balances								
Restricted		-				-		1,084,080
Assigned	7,	-		471,015		49,541		-
Total Fund Balance		-		471,015		49,541		1,084,080
Total Liabilities								
and Fund Balances	\$		\$	471,015	\$\$	49,541	\$	1,311,864

419			420	425	
4.887	Hackamore Upgrade		Wetland estoration	Pulte Encore	Total
\$	892,175	\$	104,327	\$ 197,178	\$ 3,026,100
\$	37,676	\$		\$ F (*	\$ 265,460
	854,499 854,499	1 1	104,327	 197,178 - 197,178	2,240,084 520,556 2,760,640
\$	892,175	\$	104,327	\$ 197,178	\$ 3,026,100

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and and Changes in Fund Balances Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	400 City Hall Remodel	401 Long Range Capital Planning	416 Capital Equip-Cert
Revenues Intergovernmental Interest on investments Miscellaneous Total Revenues	\$ - 75 - 75	\$ - 2,018 - 2,018	\$ 10,000 8,564 27,385 45,949
Expenditures Capital outlay General government Public safety Public works Culture and recreation	6,556		97,867 275,962 541,131 251,668
Debt service Interest and other charges Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	6,556	2,018	65,220 1,231,848 (1,185,899)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Bond issued Premium on bonds issued Sale of capital assets Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	74,417 - - - - - 74,417	468,997	500,000 1,755,030 73,100 10,708 2,338,838
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances, January 1	67,936 (67,936)	471,015	1,152,939 (68,859)
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ -	\$ 471,015	\$ 1,084,080

	411		419 420		425			
Public Works Facility			ckamore pgrade		etland storation	 Pulte Encore		Total
\$	- 341 -	\$	8,135 -	\$	718 -	\$ 1,356 -	\$	10,000 21,207 27,385
V	341		8,135		718	1,356		58,592
	15		=		- - -			104,423
	+				Ħ	*		275,962
	2		143,077		=	_		684,208
	5		7		7	7		251,668
	÷ .		4		2	20		65,220
	-		143,077		-	-		1,381,481
	341	2	(134,942)		718	 1,356		(1,322,889)
	+				-	_		1,043,414
	2		2		2	2		1,755,030
	177		7.		-	-		73,100
	<u> </u>	8				 		10,708
							_	2,882,252
	341		(134,942)		718	1,356		1,559,363
	49,200		989,441		103,609	 195,822	_	1,201,277
\$	49,541	\$	854,499	\$	104,327	\$ 197,178	\$	2,760,640

City of Corcoran, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Continued on the Following Pages) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2021)

	2022							2021	
	Budgeted			Actual Variance wi					
	Original		Final		Amounts	Final Budget		Amounts	
Revenues									
Taxes									
Property taxes	\$ 5,149,711	\$	5,149,711	\$	5,177,703	\$	27,992	\$	4,481,789
Cable franchise fees	53,000	0	53,000	187	62,153	1657	9,153	- 27	56,691
Total taxes	5,202,711		5,202,711		5,239,856		37,145		4,538,480
Licenses and permits									
Business	16,000		16,000		16,251		251		14,550
Nonbusiness	1,296,000		1,296,000		1,185,888		(110,112)		1,472,323
Total licenses and permits	1,312,000		1,312,000		1,202,139		(109,861)		1,486,873
Intergovernmental									
State							2		
Police state aid	87,100		87,100		86,037		(1,063)		192,833
State aid for streets	150,000		150,000		157,694		7,694		150,864
Other	41,845		41,845		40,499		(1,346)		38,810
County									
Recycling	14,000		14,000		13,846		(154)		13,962
Other	10,000		10,000		42,203		32,203		1,500
Total intergovernmental	302,945		302,945		340,279	ý.	37,334		397,969
Charges for services									
General government	45,150		45,150		77,194		32,044		63,170
Public safety	9,400		9,400		14,131		4,731		8,50
Streets and highways	5,000		5,000		18,198		13,198		59,49
Recycling	8,250		8,250		4,462		(3,788)		7,57
Parks					2,616		2,616		
Total charges for services	67,800		67,800		116,601		48,801		138,75
Fines and forfeitures	40,000		40,000	_	21,979		(18,021)	_	7,558
Special assessments								_	34,802
Interest (loss) on investments	8,000		8,000	2	45,356		37,356		(1,542
Miscellaneous									
Contributions and donations	2		2		1,250		1,250		99
Other	185,180		185,180		331,630		146,450		115,32
Total miscellaneous	185,180		185,180		332,880	_	147,700		116,32
Total Revenues	7,118,636		7,118,636		7,299,090		180,454		6,719,214

City of Corcoran, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2021)

		2022								2021		
		Budgeted	Amou	nts		Actual	Variance with		Actual			
	(Original		Final		mounts	Fina	l Budget	A	mounts		
Expenditures												
Current												
General government												
City council												
Personal services	\$	20,735	\$	20,735	\$	20,733	\$	2	\$	17,778		
Supplies		9,500		9,500		3,429		6,071		5,003		
Other services and charges		20.005	_	20.025	_	102		(102)		20.701		
Total city council	-	30,235		30,235	_	24,264	-	5,971	8	22,781		
Newspaper/newsletter												
Other services and charges		15,000		15,000		8,434		6,566		11,148		
o the cervices and charges		10,000	-	10,000	_	0,101	,	0,000		11,110		
Administrator												
Personal services		181,637		181,637		167,625		14,012		177,914		
Supplies		5,500		5,500		2,439		3,061		1,838		
Other services and charges		2,600		2,600		23,106		(20,506)		1,257		
Total administrator		189,737		189,737		193,170		(3,433)		181,009		
		WISHING TO STATE OF THE PARTY O					,	100211111111111111111111111111111111111				
Administration												
Personal services		311,547		311,547		188,540		123,007		368,863		
Supplies		7,000		7,000		964		6,036		5,381		
Other services and charges		20,455	A	20,455		22,309		(1,854)		3,803		
Total administration		339,002		339,002		211,813		127,189		378,047		
Elections												
Supplies		2,000		2,000		5,090		(3,090)		2,224		
) man and the first own and)			-		-		7	1=1==7				
Finance												
Personal services		228,633		228,633		211,991		16,642		*		
Supplies		4,000		4,000		1,720		2,280				
Other services and charges		43,750		43,750		49,659		(5,909)		45,360		
Total finance		276,383		276,383		263,370		13,013		45,360		
Å												
Assessor		1,000		1,000		13		987				
Supplies Other services and charges		101,000		101,000		118,000		(17,000)		94,000		
Total assessor		102,000	-	102,000	-	118,000	-	(16,013)		94,000		
Total assessor		102,000		102,000	-	110,013		(10,013)		94,000		
Legal services												
Other services and charges		38,000		38,000	-	51,931		(13,931)	-	51,972		
DI .												
Planning and zoning		104 410		104 410		105 506		0.000		04.007		
Personal services		134,418		134,418		125,536		8,882		81,397		
Supplies		1,500		1,500		843		657		2,549		
Other services and charges		51,407	_	51,407	_	102,053		(50,646)	_	102,170		
Total planning and zoning		187,325	-	187,325	,	228,432	_	(41,107)	-	186,116		
Information technology												
Supplies		61,500		61,500		99,205		(37,705)		62,664		
Other services and charges		115,000		115,000		140,284		(25,284)		89,019		
Total information technology	-	176,500		176,500	-	239,489	·	(62,989)	1	151,683		
Total information technology	2	170,000	-	170,000	•	209,409	-	(02,909)	-	131,00		

City of Corcoran, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2021)

Budgeted Amunts			2021				
Expenditures (Continued) Current (continued) General government (continued) Central services Supplies \$ 37,250 \$ 37,250 \$ 74,480 \$ (37,230) \$ Other services and charges 199,900 199,900 225,477 (25,577) 2 Total central services 237,150 237,150 299,957 (62,807) 2 Total general government 1,593,332 1,593,332 1,643,963 (50,631) 1,4 Public safety Police Personal services 1,740,938 1,740,938 1,752,530 (11,592) 1,5 Supplies 102,250 102,250 140,809 (38,559) 1,5 Other services and charges 163,800 163,800 325,293 (161,493) 2 Total police 2,006,988 2,006,988 2,218,632 (211,644) 1,7 Fire Other services and charges 427,000 427,000 445,934 (18,934) 3 Code enforcement Personal services 2,000 2,000 23,451 (3,451) Total code enforcement 20,000 2,000 23,451 (3,451) Total code enforcement 20,000 2,000 23,805 (3,805) Building inspection Personal services 159,931 159,931 158,845 1,086 (3,451) Total code enforcement 20,000 470,000 255,374 213,626 5 Total police 629,931 629,931 415,219 214,712 1 Total public safety 3,083,919 3,083,919 3,103,590 (19,671) 2,4 Public works Streets and highways Personal services 1,233,254 1,233,254 962,695 270,559 Supplies 461,000 461,000 518,983 (57,983)		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual	
Current (continued) General government (continued)		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts	
Central government (continued) Central services Supplies \$ 37,250 \$ 37,250 \$ 74,480 \$ (37,230) \$ Other services and charges 199,900 199,900 225,477 (25,577) 2 Total central services 237,150 237,150 299,957 (62,807) 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2							
Central services \$ 37,250 \$ 37,250 \$ 74,480 \$ (37,230) \$ Other services and charges 199,900 199,900 225,477 (25,577) 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2							
Supplies \$ 37,250 \$ 74,480 \$ (37,230) \$ Other services and charges 199,900 199,900 225,477 (25,577) 2 25,577 2 25,577							
Other services and charges 199,900 199,900 225,477 (25,577) 2 Total central services 237,150 237,150 299,957 (62,807) 2 Total general government 1,593,332 1,593,332 1,643,963 (50,631) 1,4 Public safety Police 1,740,938 1,740,938 1,752,530 (11,592) 1,5 Supplies 102,250 102,250 140,809 (38,559) 1,5 Other services and charges 163,800 163,800 325,293 (161,493) 2 Total police 2,006,988 2,006,988 2,218,632 (211,644) 1,7 Fire 0ther services and charges 427,000 427,000 445,934 (18,934) 3 Code enforcement Personal services - - 354 (354) Other services and charges 20,000 20,000 23,451 (3,451) Total code enforcement 20,000 20,000 23,805 1,885 Building		482 W. AARAHARANAN	Tall 923 PARAGONA (1680)	AM 0000000000000	147 345075700C0000	.620	
Total central services 237,150 237,150 299,957 (62,807) 2 Total general government 1,593,332 1,593,332 1,643,963 (50,631) 1,4 Public safety Police Personal services 1,740,938 1,740,938 1,752,530 (11,592) 1,5 Supplies 102,250 102,250 140,809 (38,559) 1 Other services and charges 163,800 163,800 325,293 (161,493) 2 Total police 2,006,988 2,006,988 2,218,632 (211,644) 1,7 Fire Other services and charges 427,000 427,000 445,934 (18,934) 3 Code enforcement Personal services 2,000 20,000 23,451 (3,451) Total code enforcement 20,000 20,000 23,805 (3,805) Building inspection Personal services 159,931 159,931 158,845 1,086 Other services and charges 470,000 470,000 256,374 213,626 5 Total police 629,931 629,931 415,219 214,712 Total police 629,931 629,931 415,219 214,712 Total police 629,931 629,931 415,219 214,712 Total police 8629,931 629,931 415,232,54 962,695 270,559 Supplies 461,000 461,000 518,983 (57,983)							
Total general government 1,593,332 1,593,332 1,643,963 (50,631) 1,4 Public safety Police Personal services 1,740,938 1,740,938 1,752,530 (11,592) 1,5 Supplies 102,250 102,250 140,809 (38,559) 1 Other services and charges 163,800 163,800 325,293 (161,493) 2 Total police 2,006,988 2,006,988 2,218,632 (211,644) 1,7 Fire Other services and charges 427,000 427,000 445,934 (18,934) 3 Code enforcement Personal services 20,000 20,000 23,451 (3,451) Total code enforcement 20,000 20,000 23,805 (3,805) Building inspection Personal services 159,931 159,931 158,845 1,086 Other services and charges 470,000 470,000 256,374 213,626 5 Total public safety 3,083,919 3,083,919 3,103,590 (19,671) 2,4 Public works Streets and highways Personal services 1,233,254 1,233,254 962,695 270,559 Supplies 461,000 461,000 518,983 (57,983)						233,909	
Public safety Police Personal services 1,740,938 1,740,938 1,752,530 (11,592) 1,3 Supplies 102,250 102,250 140,809 (38,559) 1 Other services and charges 163,800 163,800 325,293 (161,493) 2 Total police 2,006,988 2,006,988 2,218,632 (211,644) 1,7 Fire Other services and charges 427,000 427,000 445,934 (18,934) 3 Code enforcement Personal services 354 (354) Other services and charges 20,000 20,000 23,451 (3,451) Total code enforcement 20,000 20,000 23,451 (3,451) Total code enforcement 20,000 20,000 23,805 (3,805) Building inspection Personal services 159,931 159,931 158,845 1,086 (364) Other services and charges 470,000 470,000 256,374 213,626 5 Total police 629,931 629,931 415,219 214,712 7 Total public safety 3,083,919 3,083,919 3,103,590 (19,671) 2,4 Public works Streets and highways Personal services 1,233,254 1,233,254 962,695 270,559 Supplies 461,000 461,000 518,983 (57,983)	al central services	237,150	237,150	299,957	(62,807)	299,043	
Police Personal services 1,740,938 1,740,938 1,752,530 (11,592) 1,3 Supplies 102,250 102,250 144,809 (38,559) Other services and charges 163,800 163,800 325,293 (161,493) 2 Total police 2,006,988 2,006,988 2,218,632 (211,644) 1,7 Fire Other services and charges 427,000 427,000 445,934 (18,934) 3 Code enforcement Personal services 2	al general government	1,593,332	1,593,332	1,643,963	(50,631)	1,423,383	
Personal services	fety						
Supplies 102,250 102,250 140,809 (38,559) 1 Other services and charges 163,800 163,800 325,293 (161,493) 2 Total police 2,006,988 2,006,988 2,218,632 (211,644) 1,7 Fire Other services and charges 427,000 427,000 445,934 (18,934) 3 Code enforcement Personal services - 354 (354) (354) (3451) (3451) 1	PAR S						
Other services and charges 163,800 163,800 325,293 (161,493) 2 Total police 2,006,988 2,006,988 2,218,632 (211,644) 1,7 Fire Other services and charges 427,000 427,000 445,934 (18,934) 3 Code enforcement Personal services - - 354 (354) (354) (3451) (3,451) (3,451) (3,451) (3,451) (3,451) (3,451) (3,451) (3,451) (3,805) (3,80	onal services	1,740,938	1,740,938	1,752,530	(11,592)	1,333,800	
Total police 2,006,988 2,006,988 2,218,632 (211,644) 1,7 Fire Other services and charges 427,000 427,000 445,934 (18,934) 3 Code enforcement Personal services - - 354 (354) (354) 0 0 20,000 23,451 (3,451) 0 3,451 0 3,451 0 3,451 0 3,451 0 3,451 0 3,451 0 3,451 0 3,451 0 3,451 0 3,451 0 3,451 0 3,451 0 3,451 0 3,451 0 3,451 0 3,451 0 3,451 0 3,805 0 0 0 0 0 0 3,805 0 <td>lies</td> <td>102,250</td> <td>102,250</td> <td>140,809</td> <td>(38,559)</td> <td>117,615</td>	lies	102,250	102,250	140,809	(38,559)	117,615	
Fire Other services and charges 427,000 427,000 445,934 (18,934) 3 Code enforcement Personal services 20,000 20,000 23,451 3451 Total code enforcement 20,000 20,000 23,451 (3,451) Total code enforcement 20,000 20,000 23,805 Building inspection Personal services 159,931 159,931 158,845 1,086 Other services and charges 470,000 470,000 256,374 213,626 5 Total police 629,931 629,931 415,219 214,712 Total public safety 3,083,919 3,083,919 3,103,590 (19,671) 2,8 Public works Streets and highways Personal services 1,233,254 1,233,254 962,695 270,559 Supplies 461,000 461,000 518,983 (57,983)	r services and charges	163,800	163,800	325,293	(161,493)	262,495	
Other services and charges 427,000 427,000 445,934 (18,934) 3 Code enforcement Personal services Other services and charges Didding inspection Personal services Other services Other services Other services Other services Other services Other services and charges Other services and charges Other services Other s	al police	2,006,988	2,006,988	2,218,632	(211,644)	1,713,910	
Code enforcement Personal services - - 354 (354) Other services and charges 20,000 20,000 23,451 (3,451) Total code enforcement 20,000 20,000 23,805 (3,805) Building inspection Personal services 159,931 159,931 158,845 1,086 Other services and charges 470,000 470,000 256,374 213,626 3 Total police 629,931 629,931 415,219 214,712 3 Total public safety 3,083,919 3,083,919 3,103,590 (19,671) 2,8 Public works Streets and highways Personal services 1,233,254 1,233,254 962,695 270,559 Supplies 461,000 461,000 518,983 (57,983)							
Personal services - - 354 (354) Other services and charges 20,000 20,000 23,451 (3,451) Total code enforcement 20,000 20,000 23,805 (3,805) Building inspection Personal services 159,931 159,931 158,845 1,086 Other services and charges 470,000 470,000 256,374 213,626 5 Total police 629,931 629,931 415,219 214,712 7 Total public safety 3,083,919 3,083,919 3,103,590 (19,671) 2,8 Public works Streets and highways Personal services 1,233,254 1,233,254 962,695 270,559 7 Supplies 461,000 461,000 518,983 (57,983) 5	r services and charges	427,000	427,000	445,934	(18,934)	384,241	
Other services and charges 20,000 20,000 23,451 (3,451) Total code enforcement 20,000 20,000 23,805 (3,805) Building inspection Fersonal services 159,931 159,931 158,845 1,086 Other services and charges 470,000 470,000 256,374 213,626 3 Total police 629,931 629,931 415,219 214,712 7 Total public safety 3,083,919 3,083,919 3,103,590 (19,671) 2,8 Public works Streets and highways Fersonal services 1,233,254 1,233,254 962,695 270,559 3 Supplies 461,000 461,000 518,983 (57,983) 5	nforcement						
Total code enforcement 20,000 20,000 23,805 (3,805) Building inspection Personal services 159,931 159,931 158,845 1,086 Other services and charges 470,000 470,000 256,374 213,626 5 Total police 629,931 629,931 415,219 214,712 7 Total public safety 3,083,919 3,083,919 3,103,590 (19,671) 2,8 Public works Streets and highways Personal services 1,233,254 1,233,254 962,695 270,559 Supplies 461,000 461,000 518,983 (57,983)	onal services		-	354	(354)	4	
Building inspection Personal services 159,931 159,931 158,845 1,086 Other services and charges 470,000 470,000 256,374 213,626 5 Total police 629,931 629,931 415,219 214,712 Total public safety 3,083,919 3,083,919 3,103,590 (19,671) 2,8 Public works Streets and highways Personal services 1,233,254 1,233,254 962,695 270,559 Supplies 461,000 461,000 518,983 (57,983)	r services and charges	20,000	20,000	23,451	(3,451)	33,776	
Personal services 159,931 159,931 158,845 1,086 Other services and charges 470,000 470,000 256,374 213,626 3 Total police 629,931 629,931 415,219 214,712 7 Total public safety 3,083,919 3,083,919 3,103,590 (19,671) 2,8 Public works Streets and highways Fersonal services 1,233,254 1,233,254 962,695 270,559 3 Supplies 461,000 461,000 518,983 (57,983) 3	tal code enforcement	20,000	20,000	23,805	(3,805)	33,776	
Personal services 159,931 159,931 158,845 1,086 Other services and charges 470,000 470,000 256,374 213,626 3 Total police 629,931 629,931 415,219 214,712 3 Total public safety 3,083,919 3,083,919 3,103,590 (19,671) 2,8 Public works Streets and highways Fersonal services 1,233,254 1,233,254 962,695 270,559 3 Supplies 461,000 461,000 518,983 (57,983) 3	g inspection						
Other services and charges 470,000 470,000 256,374 213,626 5 Total police 629,931 629,931 415,219 214,712 7 Total public safety 3,083,919 3,083,919 3,103,590 (19,671) 2,8 Public works Streets and highways Personal services 1,233,254 1,233,254 962,695 270,559 3 Supplies 461,000 461,000 518,983 (57,983) 3		159,931	159,931	158,845	1,086	133,517	
Total police 629,931 629,931 415,219 214,712 7 Total public safety 3,083,919 3,083,919 3,103,590 (19,671) 2,8 Public works Streets and highways Personal services 1,233,254 1,233,254 962,695 270,559 Supplies 461,000 461,000 518,983 (57,983)	r services and charges					567,722	
Public works Streets and highways Personal services 1,233,254 1,233,254 962,695 270,559 Supplies 461,000 461,000 518,983 (57,983)		629,931				701,239	
Streets and highways 1,233,254 1,233,254 962,695 270,559 Supplies 461,000 461,000 518,983 (57,983)	tal public safety	3,083,919	3,083,919	3,103,590	(19,671)	2,833,166	
Personal services 1,233,254 1,233,254 962,695 270,559 Supplies 461,000 461,000 518,983 (57,983)	orks						
Personal services 1,233,254 1,233,254 962,695 270,559 Supplies 461,000 461,000 518,983 (57,983)	and highways						
Supplies 461,000 461,000 518,983 (57,983)	1 - B N 7 5 N 7 5 N 7 5 THE STOCK OF A ST. C. C.	1,233,254	1,233,254	962,695	270,559	798,005	
	olies	461,000	461,000	518,983	(57,983)	588,951	
						198,915	
Total streets and highways 2,058,354 2,058,354 1,964,311 94,043 1,	tal streets and highways	2,058,354	2,058,354	1,964,311	94,043	1,585,871	
Snow and ice removal	and ice removal						
Supplies <u>53,000</u> 53,000 45,351 7,649	olies	53,000	53,000	45,351	7,649	40,350	
Engineering	ering						
Other services and charges 60,000 60,000 87,926 (27,926)	r services and charges	60,000	60,000	87,926	(27,926)	126,538	

City of Corcoran, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2021)

Budgeted Amounts Actual Amounts Variance with Final Budget Actual Amounts Expenditures (Continued) Final Budget Amounts Current (continued) Fublic works (continued) Public works (continued) Fublic works (continued) Recycling \$ 3,500 \$ 3,500 \$ 3,987 \$ (487) \$ (48	1011
Expenditures (Continued) Current (continued) Public works (continued) Recycling Supplies \$ 3,500 \$ 3,500 \$ 3,987 \$ (487) \$ Other services and charges 10,000 10,000 8,523 1,477	2,980 7,483 10,463 53,222
Current (continued) Public works (continued) Recycling Supplies \$ 3,500 \$ 3,500 \$ 3,987 \$ (487) \$ Other services and charges 10,000 10,000 8,523 1,477	7,483 10,463 53,222
Public works (continued) Recycling Supplies \$ 3,500 \$ 3,500 \$ 3,987 \$ (487) \$ Other services and charges 10,000 10,000 8,523 1,477	7,483 10,463 53,222
Recycling \$ 3,500 \$ 3,500 \$ 3,987 \$ (487) \$ Supplies \$ 10,000 10,000 8,523 1,477	7,483 10,463 53,222
Supplies \$ 3,500 \$ 3,500 \$ 3,987 \$ (487) \$ 0ther services and charges 10,000 10,000 8,523 1,477	7,483 10,463 53,222
Supplies \$ 3,500 \$ 3,500 \$ 3,987 \$ (487) \$ 0ther services and charges 10,000 10,000 8,523 1,477	7,483 10,463 53,222
Other services and charges 10,000 10,000 8,523 1,477	7,483 10,463 53,222
	10,463 53,222
10,000 10,000	53,222
Total public works 2,184,854 2,184,854 2,110,098 74,756 1,7	21,524
Culture and recreation	21,524
Parks	21,524
	21,024
Supplies 86,980 86,980 65,902 21,078	73,825
Other services and charges 22,300 22,300 31,422 (9,122)	25,508
Total parks 260,262 260,262 207,580 52,682 2	20,857
Total current 7,122,367 7,122,367 7,065,231 57,136 6,2	40,628
Capital outlay	
General government 6,000 6,000 - 6,000	2
Public safety 10,000 10,000 - 10,000	2
Public works 5,000 5,000 11,519 (6,519)	20,930
Culture and recreation 40,000 40,000 40,499 (499)	57,035
	77,965
Total capital outlay	77,905
Total Expenditures 7,183,367 7,183,367 7,117,249 66,118 6,3	18,593
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Over (Under) Expenditures (64,731) (64,731) 181,841 246,572	00,621
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
	69,164
Transfers out (389,417) (389,417) (1,198,349) (808,932)	
Sale of capital assets 63,858 63,858	-
Total Other Financing	
	69,164
Net Change in Fund Balances (503,558) (503,558)	69,785
STREET-PRINTED TO THE STREET S	
Fund Balances, January 1 3,591,265 3,591,265 - 2,4	21,480
Fund Balances, December 31 \$ 3,591,265 \$ 3,591,265 \$ 3,087,707 \$ (503,558) \$ 3,	91,265

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2022

	309 G.O.		[10] 전 10 H 10		312		313			
	Equipment		2020B		2016A		2018A			
	Ce	rtificates	G.	O. Bonds	G	.O. Bonds	G.	O. Bonds		Total
Assets	-	12-12-2-1	//		<i>N</i> :		2.0	REPRESENTATION AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND AD		RICE SEEM
Cash and temporary investments Special assessments receivable	\$	156,721 -	\$	141,467 -	\$	(365,022) 299,903	\$	113,262	\$	46,428 299,903
Due from other governments	-		-		-	868			_	868
Total Assets	\$	156,721	\$	141,467	\$	(64,251)	\$	113,262	\$	347,199
Deferred Inflows of Resources						000 000				000 000
Unavailable revenues - special assessments		*		-		299,903		*		299,903
Fund Balances										
Restricted for debt service	_	156,721		141,467	-	(364,154)		113,262	-	47,296
Total Deferred Inflows of	701	10/2013/120270			0.0	010-01-202002		72.027023840	141	16 05 16 05 150
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	156,721	\$\$	141,467	\$	(64,251)	\$	113,262	\$	347,199

City of Corcoran, Minnesota Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	309 G.O.		311		312		313			
		Equipment Certificates		2020B		2016A		2018A		Total
Revenues		ertificates	G.O. Bonds		G.O. Bonds		G.O. Bonds		Total	
Taxes	\$	225,488	\$	222,484	\$	94	\$	111,746	\$	559,718
Special assessments	*	220,400	*		Ÿ	93,091	7	111,740	Y	93,091
Interest on investments		479		606		,0,0,		497		1,582
Total Revenues		225,967		223,090		93,091		112,243	_	654,391
Expenditures										
Debt service										
Principal		175,000		145,000		230,000		70,000		620,000
Interest and other charges		31,825		53,835		33,580		32,475		151,715
Total Expenditures		206,825	=	198,835		263,580		102,475		771,715
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	19,142	//	24,255		(170,489)		9,768		(117,324)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in				-		63,080		190		63,080
Bonds issued		44,970		(+)				-		44,970
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		44,970		-		63,080				108,050
Net Change in Fund Balances		64,112		24,255		(107,409)		9,768		(9,274)
Fund Balances, January 1		92,609		117,212		(256,745)		103,494		56,570
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	156,721	\$	141,467	\$	(364,154)	\$	113,262	\$	47,296

City of Corcoran, Minnesota

Summary Financial Report

Revenues and Expenditures For General Operations Governmental Funds

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

		Total								
		2022		2021	(Decrease)					
Revenues	*			232223	10.10					
Taxes	\$	5,799,574	\$	5,136,066	12.92 %					
Licenses and permits		1,202,139		1,486,873	(19.15)					
Intergovernmental		416,211		398,516	4.44					
Charges for services		1,824,839		979,371	86.33					
Fines and forfeitures		21,979		11,758	86.93					
Special assessments		128,403		176,304	(27.17)					
Interest on investments		98,669		1,237	7,876.48					
Miscellaneous		4,715,826	19	2,361,737	99.68					
Total Revenues	\$	14,207,640	\$	10,551,862	34.65 %					
Per Capita	\$	2,124	\$	1,706	24.52 %					
Expenditures										
Current										
General government	\$	1,677,996	\$	1,457,129	15.16 %					
Public safety		3,147,675		2,826,992	11.34					
Public works		2,110,098		1,763,222	19.67					
Culture and recreation		207,580		220,887	(6.02)					
Capital outlay										
General government		104,423		589,661	(82.29)					
Public safety		311,892		138,921	124.51					
Public works		5,963,828		4,242,680	40.57					
Culture and recreation		292,520		95,089	207.63					
Debt service										
Principal		620,000		3,995,000	(84.48)					
Interest and other charges	,	216,935		196,272	10.53					
Total Expenditures	\$	14,652,947	\$	15,525,853	(5.62) %					
Per Capita	\$	2,191	\$	2,510	(12.72) %					
Total Long-term Indebtedness	\$	9,066,068	\$	7,838,253	15.66 %					
Per Capita		1,356		1,267						
General Fund Balance - December 31	\$	3,087,707	\$	3,591,265	(14.02) %					
Per Capita		462		581	<u>6:</u> 8/					

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary of financial information concerning the City of Corcoran to interested citizens. The complete financial statements may be examined at City Hall, 8200 County Road 116, Corcoran, MN 55340. Questions about this report should be directed to Jessica Beise, Interim City Administrator at (763) 400 7029.

OTHER REQUIRED REPORT

CITY OF CORCORAN CORCORAN, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Corcoran, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Corcoran, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 15, 2024.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City of Corcoran failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements and miscellaneous provisions sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

This report is intended solely for the information and use those charged with governance and management of the City and the State Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Abdo

Minneapolis, Minnesota January 15, 2024